



Property Risk Inspection  
LIMITED

# ARBORICULTURAL ASSESSMENT REPORT



**Risk Address:**

7 Woodstock Drive, Ickenham, Uxbridge, UB10 8EE

**For:**

**Client:** Sedgwick International UK

**Insurer:**

**Client Ref:** 9803647

**Insurer Ref:**



**Policy holder:**



**PRI Ref:** 253668



**Arborist:** Henry Collings



**Survey Date:** 27/02/2023



**QC:** Margaret MacQueen



**QC Date:** 28/02/2023



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## **1.0 INTRODUCTION AND BRIEF**

- 1.1** Property Risk Inspection has been instructed on behalf of the building insurers of the insured property. We have been advised that the insured property has suffered differential movement and damage that is considered to have been caused by trees growing adjacent to the property influencing soils beneath its foundations.
- 1.2** We have been instructed to undertake a survey of the vegetation growing adjacent to the insured property in order to provide our opinion as to whether, based on the available information, any of this vegetation is likely to be influencing soil moisture levels beneath the foundations of the property, and if so, to provide recommendations as to what tree management could be implemented to effectively prevent damage continuing.
- 1.3** The vegetation growing adjacent to the risk address has been surveyed from the ground. All distances are measured to the nearest point of the risk address unless otherwise stated.

## **2.0 LIMITATIONS**

- 2.1** Recommendations with respect to tree management are associated with the risk address as stated on the front cover of this report and following consultation with investigating engineers. The survey of trees and any other vegetation is associated with impacts on the risk address subject of this report. Matters of tree health, structural condition, and/or the safety of vegetation under third party control are specifically excluded. Third party land owners are strongly advised to seek their own professional advice as it relates to the health and stability of trees under their control.
- 2.2** Recommendations do not take account of any necessary permission (statutory or otherwise) that must be obtained before proceeding with any tree works.
- 2.3** Recommendations do not take account of any requirements for survey or mitigation relating to European or other protected species, e.g. bird nesting or bats. Land owners must obtain their own professional advice in respect of any protected species.



## **3.0 DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

### **3.1 Soils, soil water and vegetation**

All vegetation requires water to live, and this water is substantially accessed from the soil within which the plants' roots grow.

If the soil is classified as a clay soil, then it will hold very much more water than sands, gravels and loam soils. As plants abstract water from the clay soil, the soil volume will “shrink” and “swell” during the summer as water is first removed and then added by summer rainfall. In years in which rainfall during the summer is less than the total amount of water taken from the soil by plants, shrinkage will occur. This shrinkage may remove support from building foundations, leading to cracking in the fabric of the building.

### **3.2 Vegetation management**

The control of trees, shrubs, and climbers, by removal or pruning as appropriate, are proven techniques that can control total soil water loss thereby minimising soil shrinkage and allowing repairs to proceed.

If vegetation management works are carried out promptly, then repairs can usually proceed very quickly and the duration and distress associated with the disruption that tree related subsidence brings can be minimised.

### **3.3 Third party liaison and statutory controls**

Tree roots do not respect physical or property boundaries and can travel for many metres beyond the above ground “dripline” of the canopy of the vegetation.

The purpose of this report is to ascertain which vegetation is the most likely substantial and/or effective contributory cause of the damage witnessed to allow for liaison with third parties or with local administrative Councils as necessary.

### **3.4 Evidential framework**

The engineer has determined on a preliminary basis the damage to the property, its location and the likely mechanism of movement, and has concluded that the building failure is related to differential subsidence damage caused as a result of the action of vegetation. Where a factual geotechnical report has been completed, this will describe the below ground foundation design, soil and geotechnical conditions, as well as any root identification where available.



## 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### 4.1 Recommendations

On the basis of our findings, we have considered a practical vegetation management specification.

This specification will assist in reducing the impact of the adjacent vegetation on soil moisture levels, thereby potentially stabilising foundations of the affected area of the building.

Where felling has been proposed, this will be on the basis that the vegetation in question would not respond well to a severe reduction in leaf area that would inevitably lead to decay, the development of potential hazards, and an annual or other on-going management commitment and cost.

If pruning is recommended, the specification will be designed to allow continual ease of re-pruning with a reasonable prospect of a reduction in soil water use.

### 4.2 Recommended vegetation management to address the current subsidence:

Tree No:	Species	Works Required
T3	Cherry	Fell and treat stump with eco plugs (broadleaved).
T6	Oak	Fell and treat stump with eco plugs (broadleaved).

## 5.0 STATUTORY CONTROLS

London Borough Hillingdon Council website has confirmed that the implicated vegetation is subject to a Woodland Tree Preservation Order.

There are no Conservation Area controls.



## 6.0 APPENDIX 1: TREE TABLES

Tree No	Common Name	Age Class	Condition	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)	Stem diam. (mm)	Dist to bldg. (m)	Roots Implicated	Pruning history	Recommendation	Tree work constraints	Notes	Owner address	Owner
H1	Griselinia	Mature	Fair	3	2.2	60	4.3	N	Managed as a hedge.	No work required.			7 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	PH
SG1	Mixed species shrubs	Mature	Fair	1.6	1.50	20	6.1	N	Managed as a shrub group.	No work required.		Includes; cypress, euonymous, maple, spindle, honeysuckle	7 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	PH
SG2	Mixed species shrubs	Mature	Fair	4.2	2.6	30*	9	N	Managed as a shrub group.	No work required.		Includes; spindle, privet	9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
TG1	Mixed species group	Semi-Mature	Fair	2.5	2	40*	5.2	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.		All juvenile trees Includes; Ash, horse chestnut, field maple, cherry	9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P



Tree No	Common Name	Age Class	Condition	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)	Stem diam. (mm)	Dist to bldg. (m)	Roots Implicated	Pruning history	Recommendation	Tree work constraints	Notes	Owner address	Owner
T1	Ash	Mature	Fair	5	3.8*	100*	5.3	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.		Distance to damage	9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
T2	Cherry	Mature	Fair	6.8	3.2	120*	5.69419722705318	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.	Access through side/rear gate.		9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
T3	Cherry	Mature	Fair	6	3.8	210*	5.7	N	Subject to past management-topped. No significant recent management.	Fell and treat stump with eco plugs (broadleaved).	Access through side/rear gate.		9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
T4	Sycamore	Early Mature	Good	5	3.0	95*	7.5	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.			9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P



Tree No	Common Name	Age Class	Condition	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)	Stem diam. (mm)	Dist to bldg. (m)	Roots Implicated	Pruning history	Recommendation	Tree work constraints	Notes	Owner address	Owner
T5	Cherry	Mature	Fair	4.2	4	130	7.09695926233949	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.			7 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	PH
T6	Oak	Mature	Fair	15.5	13.4	480*	14	Y	Pollarded more than 5 years ago- significant regrowth.No significant recent management.	Fell and treat stump with eco plugs (broadleaved).	Access through side/rear gate.		9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
T7	Oak	Mature	Fair	15	12	460*	20.4	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.			9 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P
T8	Oak	Mature	Fair	10.7	9.2	365	22.4	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.			7 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	PH



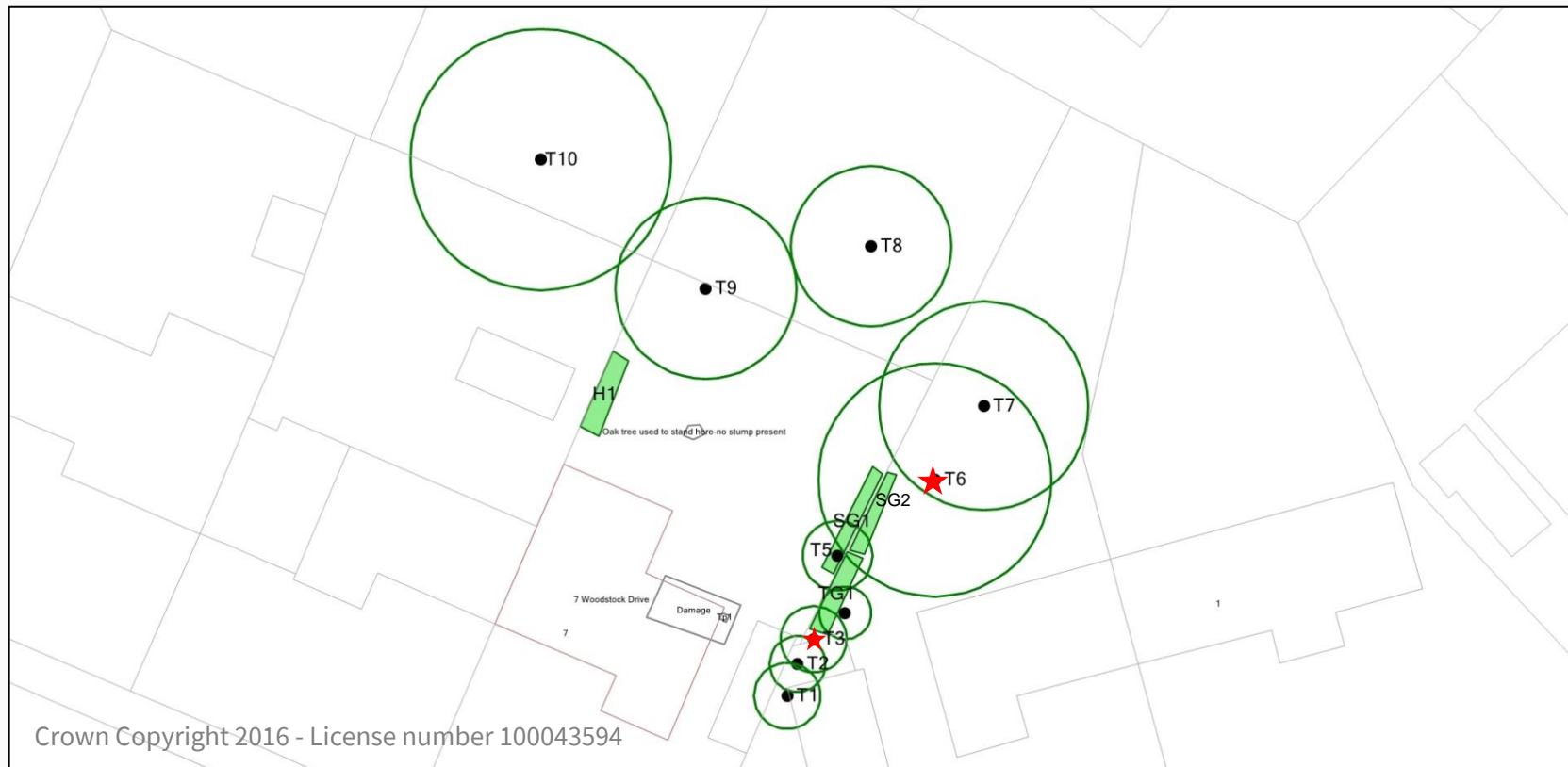


Tree No	Common Name	Age Class	Condition	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)	Stem diam. (mm)	Dist to bldg. (m)	Roots Implicated	Pruning history	Recommendation	Tree work constraints	Notes	Owner address	Owner
T9	Oak	Mature	Fair	12.2	10.4	480	17.2304414462716	N	Subject to recent reduction within 18 months.	No work required.	Nesting birds.	Twin stemmed	7 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	PH
T10	Oak	Mature	Fair	13.5*	15.0	540*	25.1	N	Subject to past management. No significant recent management.	No work required.			3 Woodstock Drive Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8EE	P3P

\* Value is estimated



## 7.0 APPENDIX 2: SITE PLAN



**Location:** 7 Woodstock Drive, Ickenham, Uxbridge, UB10 8EE

**Job Ref:** 253668

**Survey Date:** 27/02/2023 – NTS

By Property Risk Inspection - Insurance Services



## 8.0 APPENDIX 3: SITE PHOTOGRAPHS



T1 - Cherry

T1 - Cherry



T1 - Ash

T3 - Cherry



T3 - Cherry

T4 - Sycamore



T4 - Sycamore

T5 - Cherry





T5 - Cherry



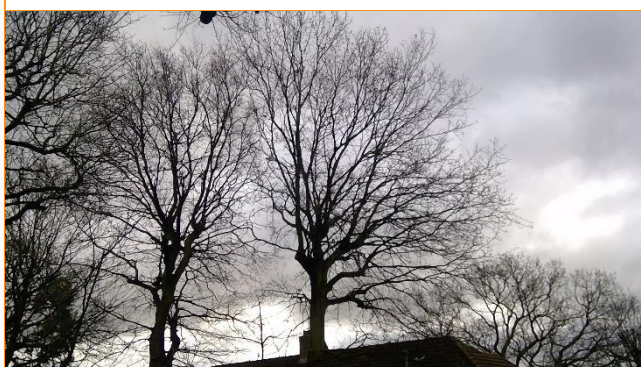
SG1 - Mixed species shrubs



TG1 - Mixed species group



T6 - Oak



T6 - Oak



T7 - Oak



T7 - Oak



T8 - Oak





T8 - Oak



T9 - Oak



T9 - Oak



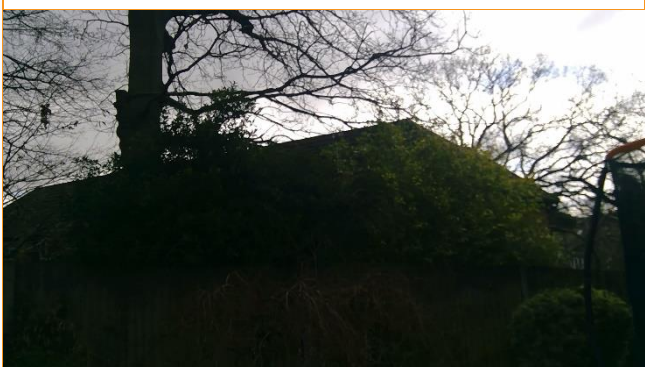
T10 - Oak



T10 - Oak



H1 - Griselinia



SG2 - Mixed species shrubs



Rear Elevation





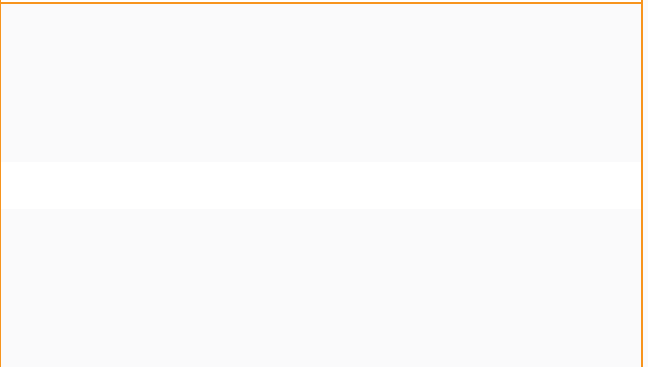
TG1 - Mixed species group



TG1 - Mixed species group



Front Elevation



## 9.0 APPENDIX 4: ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT & CO2e POLICY

### Tree removal as a remedy for subsidence of low-rise buildings

When subsidence occurs to a residential home which has foundations within clay soils one common cause of movement is the presence of trees, hedges and other vegetation removing moisture from the clay causing a shrinkage of the soil and downward movement of foundations.

There are a variety of ways in which subsidence of low-rise buildings can be mitigated and this report details the vegetation options that can be implemented and that should effectively deal with the cause of movements.

It is acknowledged that removal of trees has impacts on visual amenities for owners and the wider community and that trees play an important role in our towns, cities, and the countryside in a variety of positive ways.

Trees are not recommended for removal without a clear understanding of all these impacts and increasingly of the importance of due consideration relating to the climate crisis, of global climate change and of potential negative impacts in the UK and abroad.

The subsidence event must be remedied to secure the property, its energy efficiency and weather tightness, to maintain its saleability and suitability for mortgage or re-mortgage finance if sold and as a requirement of the insurers commitment under the terms of the policy.

In considering a vegetation remedy the insurer, their advisors and arboricultural specialists are seeking to minimise impacts to the policyholder, to remedy the cause of movement quickly and effectively, and allow subsequent repairs to commence without risk of recurrence of damage. To simply leave the property exposed to intermittent periods of repair based on dry periods would also be hugely disruptive to homeowners and costly in repeat super-structural repairs, vehicle movements, materials and other claim costs in CO2e production and would not comply with a Net Zero agenda.

If vegetation management is not possible or was unsuccessful other remedies that might be attempted whether property underpinning, extensive root barriers or other soil and ground stabilisation have their own issues and impacts. Not least of these is the cost to the environment in CO2e generation from creation of cement and cement substitutes, of steel and other metals production, from costs in plastics and then the material transport, insertion, and excavation effort with heavy machinery.

A single tree removal on a site has a relatively modest annual impact on the CO2e budget loss for a site subject to subsidence of around 25kg CO2e per tree per annum. The cost in total of materials and fuel in tree removal are significantly less than 100kg CO2e.

Heavy engineering and ground stabilisation solutions can range in impacts from around 3000kg CO2e to 10,000kg CO2e in carbon cost and are often difficult to effectively mitigate relative to tree management.

However, this is not simply a “site” consideration and insurers and their advisors through PRI are committed to replace every tree lost on a subsidence scheme in sustainable forests and reforestation projects across the globe with thousands of trees already planted and through carbon reduction investments that stop CO2e being generated to have immediate positive impacts whilst new trees grow.

It’s always sad to see a tree lost but we ensure that the loss is mitigated and replaced with new trees, and this avoids heavy engineering solutions far more costly to the planet. You can learn more about our work in tree planting, climate change and carbon capture by visiting our web site at: [www.propertyrisk.co.uk](http://www.propertyrisk.co.uk).





# Property Risk Inspection LIMITED

## Insurance Services

2 The Courtyards  
Phoenix Square  
Wyncolls Road  
Colchester  
Essex CO4 9PE

**01206 752539**

[insurance@propertyriskinspection.co.uk](mailto:insurance@propertyriskinspection.co.uk)

[www.propertyriskinspection.co.uk](http://www.propertyriskinspection.co.uk)