

Dear Mr Rhemtulla,

Please find below the results of your Infiltration testing. The information contained below is a summary of the site works carried out on 15th November 2022.

Geology

An examination of the available British Geological Survey data of the area for the site has been examined and indicates that the site has no superficial drift deposits recorded, and bedrock deposits recorded as the London Clay Formation (clay, silt and sand).

Fieldworks

The programme of this investigation included the excavation of one trial pit. The location of the soakaway test was selected by the client. During this work, the soils encountered were logged in general accordance with BS5930: 1990, as amended in 2007.

Percolation Testing

During the excavation of the trial pit, ground or perched water started to enter the pit at a depth of 1.30mbgl. The excavation was halted and monitored for approximately sixty minutes in which the water level rose to approximately 1.00mbgl. The results obtained from the soakaway tests are summarised below:

WS	Dimensions (m)	Depth (m)	Soil Description	Infiltration Rate (m/sec)	Drainage Characteristics
TP01	1.10 x 0.40	1.30	Orangish brown and mottled grey CLAY.	N/A	N/A

Conclusion

The soils encountered beneath the site were found to be predominantly CLAY. Given the ground / perched water levels and data from the test, it is considered that soakaways are not suitable for this site.

As the bedrock of the site is London Clay, this groundwater level is perceived to be a localised groundwater level within the weathered London Clay perched on the underlying, essentially impermeable, un-weathered London Clay soils below.

References

- Building Research Establishment (BRE) Digest 365, *Soakaway Design*, September 1991.
- British Standards Institution (1999) BS5930: *Code of practice for site investigations*, B.S.I., London.
- British Standards Institution (2007), Amendment No 1, BS5930: *Code of practice for site investigations*, B.S.I., London.

Please do contact me on 01243 787150 or 07758 162624 should you have any questions.

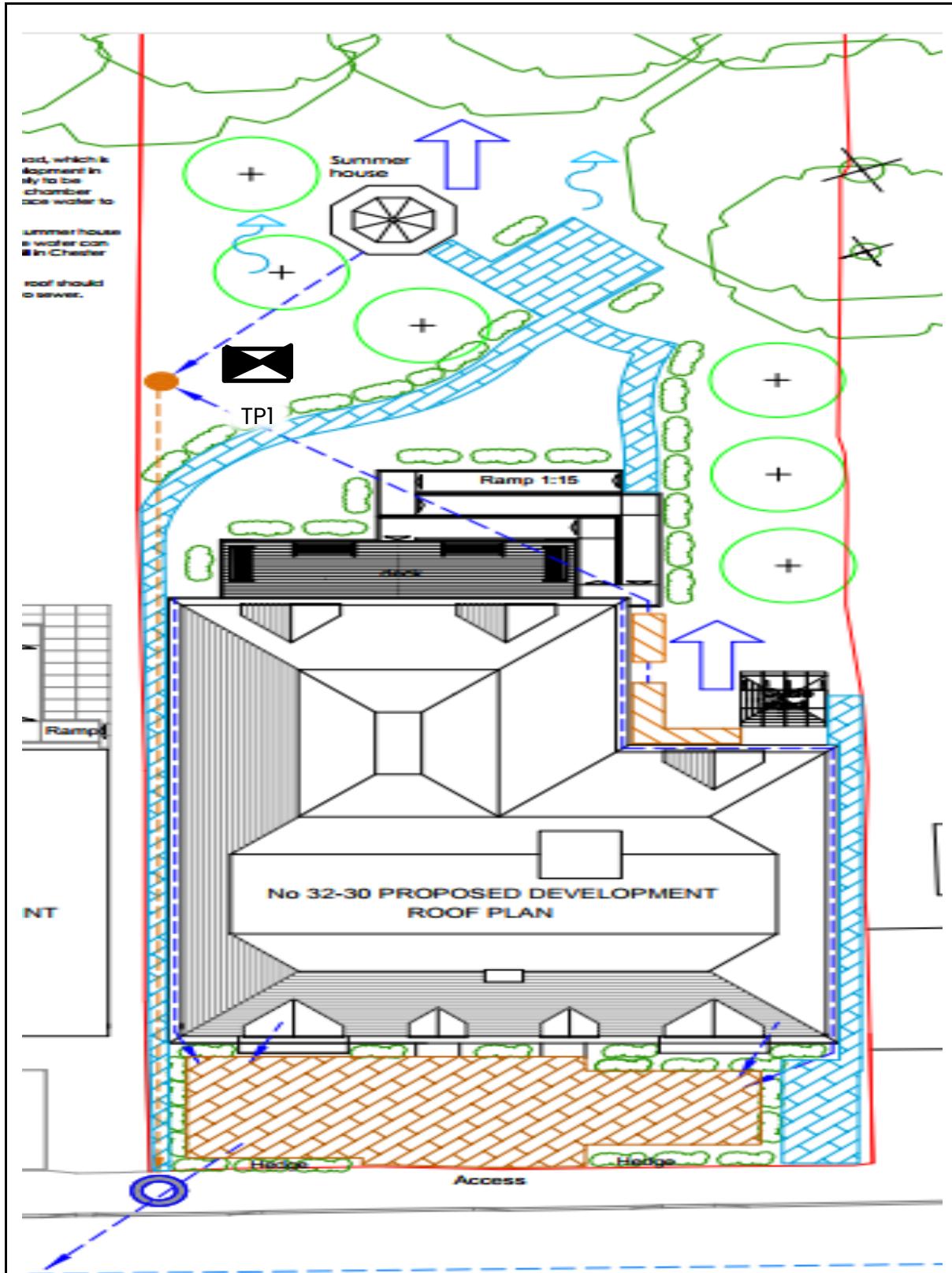
Regards



Nick Hammond
Geo-Environmental Engineer

Appendix A





Site Investigation Plan

Appendix B





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Log of Boring

TP1

1

YE Engineer N. Hammond

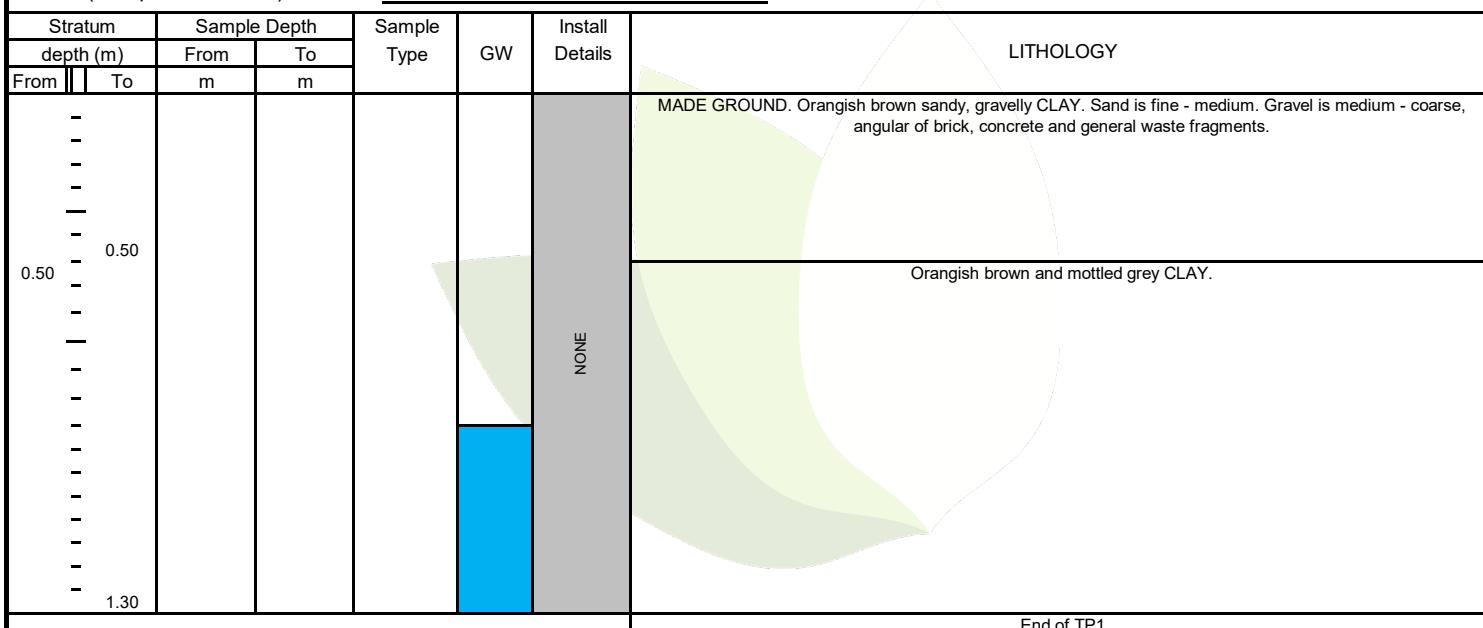
Location	30-32 Chester Road, Northwood, Middlesex, HA6 1BQ
Date	November 15, 2022
Project Reference	YEX4848

Completion: Depth _____ NA m
Elevation _____ NA m

Width 0.4 m
Length 1.1 m
Depth 1.3 m

24 hour: Depth _____ m
Elevation _____ m

Method (Trial pit, window etc) Trial Pit - Machine Excavation



End of TP1

Remarks:

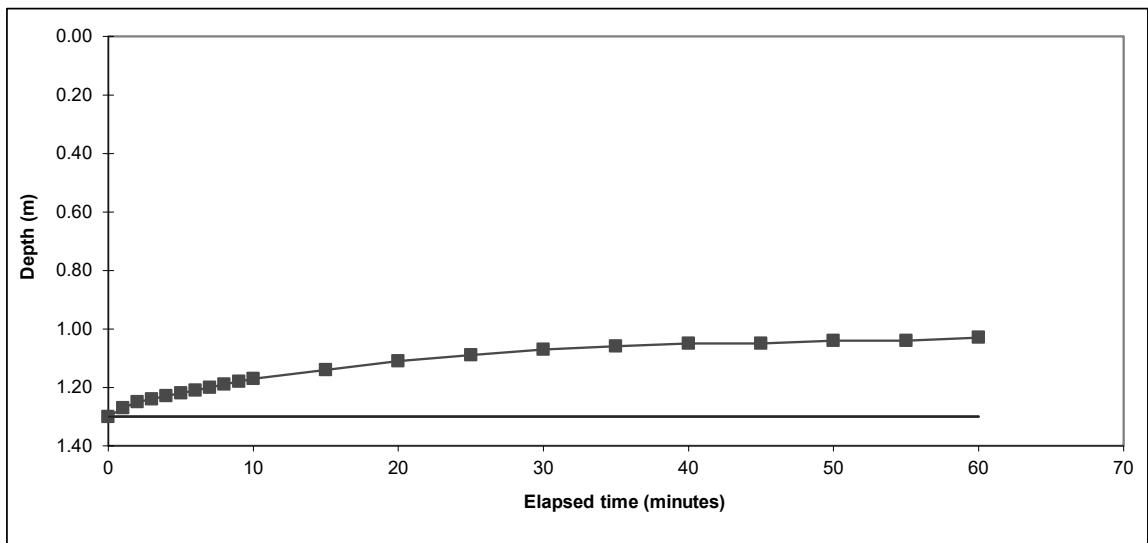
Appendix C



Your Environment

Soakaway Test

Trial Pit No:	TP1	Test No:	1	Date:	11/04/2022
Length (m):	1.100	Datum Height:		0.00 m agl	
Width (m):	0.40	Granular infill:	None		
Depth (m):	1.30	Porosity of infill:	1	(assumed)	
Elapsed time (minutes)	Water Depth (m below datum)	Elapsed time (minutes)	Water Depth (m below datum)		
0	1.300	30	1.070		
1	1.270	35	1.060		
2	1.250	40	1.050		
3	1.240	45	1.050		
4	1.230	50	1.040		
5	1.220	55	1.040		
6	1.210	60	1.030		
7	1.200				
8	1.190				
9	1.180				
10	1.170				
15	1.140				
20	1.110				
25	1.090				



Start water depth for analysis (mbgl):	1.30	Elapsed time (mins):	#N/A
75% effective depth (mbgl):	1.30		
50% effective depth (mbgl):	1.30	Elapsed time (mins):	#N/A
25% effective depth (mbgl):	1.30	Elapsed time (mins):	#N/A
Base of soakage zone (mbgl):	1.30		
Volume outflow between 75% and 25% effective depth (m ³):			
Mean surface area of outflow (m ²):		0.44	
(side area at 50% effective depth + base area)			
Time for outflow between 75% and 25% effective depth (mins):			

Soil infiltration rate (m/s):	Test incomplete as 25% effective depth not achieved. Unable to reliably determine soil infiltration rate.
Remarks	Results processed following BRE 365 (2007).

Client:	Salim Rhemtulla	TP1
Site:	30-32 Chester Road	

Appendix D



YEX4848

TP01 Photos

