

# Direct, Indirect, Slimline & Modul-AIR Un-Plumbed Unvented Cylinder Installation & Maintenance Manual



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**UNITED KINGDOM / IRELAND**



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THE MARK OF QUALITY FOR THE INSTALLATION, COMMISSIONING  
AND SERVICE OF DOMESTIC HEATING AND HOT WATER SYSTEMS



**INS-JUCYL-20A**

# Safety Information

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

- The Hot water may drip from the discharge pipe of the pressure-relief device, this discharge pipe must be left open to the atmosphere.
- The pressure-relief device is to be operated regularly to remove lime deposits and to verify that it is not blocked.
- Drain valves are located on the hot water tank to allow draining of the water from the primary and secondary.
- This appliance is intended to be permanently connected to the water mains and not connected by a hose-set.
- A discharge pipe connected to the pressure relief device installed in a downwards direction and in a frost-free environment.
- Wire the immersion through a double pole fused spur. The contact separation must be no less than 3mm with a minimum breaking capacity of 16A.
- \*If an appliance capable of heating the tank above 89°C is connected to the primary coil then a separate non-self-resetting thermostat and 2 port valve must be installed in the primary circuit

\*A dual thermostat and 2 port valve are supplied in all Indirect kits **except the Modul-Air kits**

# Warranty Card

Please register your product online



**MUST BE COMPLETED AND  
THEN REGISTERED ONLINE  
TO COMPLETE WARRANTY**

Homeowner  
Name

Address

Contact Tel.

Contact Email

Installer  
Name

Address

Contact Tel.

Contact Email

Product	Product Installed	Serial Number		Installation Date
Cylinder	<input type="radio"/>		Located on cylinder badge	
Solar Thermal	<input type="radio"/>		Take from solar controller	
Solar PV	<input type="radio"/>		Ser. No. from String / Micro Inverter	
Air Source Heat Pump	<input type="radio"/>		Located on external heat pump badge	
Integrated Heat Pump and Cylinder	<input type="radio"/>		Located on cylinder badge	
Underfloor Heating	<input type="radio"/>		Project ref. on supplied schematic	
Direct Gas Fire Cylinder	<input type="radio"/>		Located on cylinder badge	
Was a Pre-Plumbed cylinder installed too?	<input type="radio"/>	<b>If installed, please fill out the Heat Pump Commissioning Sheet too</b>		

Joule Advance Installer

☐

I accept the terms and conditions in the installation manual

☐

# Joule Product Warranty Terms & Conditions

## Joule Unvented Cylinder

The **JOULE** stainless steel vessel carries a fully transferable 25-year guarantee against faulty materials or manufacture provided that:

- It has been installed in the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland as per the instructions provided in the installation manual provided with the cylinder and in accordance with all of the relevant standards, regulations and codes of practice in force at the time.
- It has not been modified in any way, other than by JOULE
- It has not been misused, tampered with or subjected to neglect.
- The system is fed from the public mains water supply.
- It has only been used for the storage of potable water.
- It has not been subjected to frost damage.
- The unit has been serviced annually.
- The Service Log Book has been completed after each annual service.
- The warranty card is filled in and a copy is sent by email to **warranty@joule.ie**

## Exclusions

The guarantee does not cover cylinders affected by the following;

- The effects of scale build up on the cylinder.
- Any labour charges associated with replacing the unit or its parts.
- Any consequential losses caused by the failure or malfunction of the unit.

Please note that invoices for servicing may be requested to prove that the unit has been serviced annually.

## Unvented Kit & Other Components

The expansion vessel and cold water controls supplied with JOULE models carry a 1-year guarantee. All other components that are fitted to, or supplied, with the unit carry a 1-year guarantee.

Warning To The User

- Do not remove or adjust any part of this unvented water heater.
- If the unvented water heater develops fault, such as a flow of water from the discharge pipe switch the heater off.
- In all cases contact a competent installer.
- The Benchmark Log Book at the end of the manual must be filled in at annual service.

Warning To The Installer

- Read the installation instructions before commencing.
- Unvented water heaters are a controlled service as defined in the latest edition of the Building Regulations and should only be fitted by a competent installer.
- The installation is subject to approval.
- You must notify the local authority of intention to install.
- After installation the instructions manual must be completed and left with the householder.
- Use only manufacturer’s recommended replacement parts.

Installed by

Installer Name	
Address	
Contact Tel.	
Completion Date	

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# Introduction

The instructions are an integral part of the appliance and must be given to the end user on completion of the installation in order to comply with the current regulation.

It is important to carefully read the manual to understand all the information to enable safe installation, use and servicing. These instructions consist of details for installation, servicing, fault finding and replacement of parts for the cylinder purchased.

JOULE will not accept any liability in the event of damage for not complying with the guidance in this instruction manual.

The instructions for this installation manual apply to the range of **JOULE Unvented Cylinders**.

Safety is paramount when installing unvented hot water systems and the following instructions must be adhered to:

- Only certified competent installers can install, commission and service the equipment supplied.
- The cylinder must be used for potable hot water only. Any other applications will be considered incorrect use and JOULE will not be held liable for any losses resulting from such use.
- All installation and maintenance instructions must be observed to ensure the correct operation of the equipment.
- The electric immersion must not be switched on unless the cylinder is completely full of water.
- Domestic hot water may be stored at temperatures exceeding 60°C. Preventative measures should be put in place to negate the possibility of scalding.
- A maintenance schedule should be put in place with a competent person to service the equipment annually to comply with the warranty conditions.
- When servicing the system the mains supply to the cylinder should be isolated.
- Only genuine spare parts should be used. A full list of items with relevant codes can be found on page 15.

The installation must be carried out by a person competent to install unvented hot water systems. The installation must be carried out in accordance with the following recommendations:

All current Building Regulations issued by the Department of the Environment, i.e. Building Regulation G3 (England and Wales), Technical Standard P3 (Scotland) or Building Regulation P5 (Northern Ireland) and the Water Fitting Regulations (England and Wales) or Water Byelaws (Scotland). The installation should also be in accordance with the following British Standard Codes of Practice:

BS 5449:1990 Forced circulation hot water systems

BS 5546:2000 Installation of hot water supplies for domestic purposes

BS 5918:1989 Solar heating systems for domestic hot water

BS 6700:2006 Design, installation, testing and maintenance of services supplying water.

Failure to install this appliance correctly could lead to prosecution and will invalidate the guarantee. It is in your own interest and that of safety to ensure that the law is complied with.

## Handling

Care must be taken when transporting, storing and installing the equipment:

- At least two people should lift the cylinder to prevent injuries.
- The cylinder must be stored in a dry area and must never be dropped during handling.
- Packaging should only be removed at the installation location.
- The cylinder must be installed on a level floor with the required load bearing capability. Installation, servicing, maintenance and repair must be carried out by a competent person.
- All electrical wiring must be carried out by a qualified electrician and be installed in accordance with current I.E.E Wiring Regulations.
- A lack of safety devices can lead to potentially fatal injuries, all necessary safety devices must be installed correctly in the system. The use of an electric immersion may lead to the build up of electrical potential in the water. This can in turn cause corrosion of the immersion. To prevent this, ensure the immersion heater, and the hot and cold pipework are correctly bonded and connected to the earth line.
- If plastic pipes are used they must be approved temperature resistant to 95°C at a pressure of/or at least 10bar.

A thermostatic mixer should be installed in the system to prevent the risk of scalding. If there are leaks found in the system, shut off the cold water stop valve from the main supply and contact a competent person immediately.

## What Is Benchmark?

Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations.

The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference. Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hot Water Industry Council who manage and promote the scheme. Visit [www.centralheating.co.uk](http://www.centralheating.co.uk)

## HWA Charter Member

Joule are proud to be a charter member of the the Hot Water Association (HWA), that has been formed through the union of the two UK industry trade bodies, WMA (Water Heater Manufacturers Association) and MODUS (Manufacturers Of Domestic Unvented Systems).

The objectives of the HWA are "To be recognised as the leading body in domestic hot water storage and, through cooperation and partnerships, to support, drive and promote the sustained growth and improvement of standards within the entire domestic hot water industry".

The HWA operate a Charter that all members of the association observe.

The HWA Charter Statement requires that all members adhere to the following:

- To supply fit for purpose products clearly and honestly described
- To supply products that meet or exceed appropriate standards and Building And Water Regulations
- To provide pre and post technical support
- To provide clear and concise warranty details to customers



# Introduction

## Water Supply

The performance of any unvented system is only as good as the mains water supply available. To this effect the maximum possible water demand should be assessed, with the knowledge that the mains supplies both hot and cold services simultaneously. The water heater itself operates at a pressure of 3bar, controlled by the inlet control set, and is capable of delivering over 50 litres per minute. The high quality inlet control set has been designed to make the most of the low rates available.

The water supply should be checked to ensure it can meet these requirements. If necessary, consult the local water authority regarding the likely pressure and flow rate availability.

Consideration should be given to upgrading existing 1/2" (15mm) cold mains pipework to a larger size if the recommended minimum pressure / flow rate is not being achieved. JOULE recommend that primary pipework used has a minimum diameter of 22mm to ensure low pressure loss.



A high static (no flow) mains pressure is no guarantee of good flow availability. In a domestic installation 1.5bar and 25ltr/min should be regarded as the minimum. The maximum mains pressure that the inlet control set can cope with is 10bar.

## Change Of Water Supply

The changing or alternating from one water supply to another can have a detrimental effect on the operation and/or life expectation of the water heater storage cylinder, pressure temperature relief valve and heating unit.

Where there is a changeover from one water supply to another, e.g. a rainwater tank supply, bore water supply, desalinated water supply, public reticulated water supply or water brought in from another supply, then water chemistry information should be sought from the supplier or it should be tested to ensure the water supply meets the requirements given in these guidelines for the Joule warranty to apply.

## Water Chemistry

This water heater must be installed in accordance with this advice to be covered by the Joule warranty. This water heater is manufactured to suit the water conditions of most public reticulated water supplies. However, there are some known water chemistries which can have detrimental effects on the water heater and its operation and/or life expectancy. If you are unsure of your water chemistry, you may be able to obtain information from your local water supply authority. We recommend not to use water softener, however if it is used the water is required to be kept at potable standards. This water heater should only be connected to a water supply which complies with these guidelines for the JOULE warranty to apply.

## Water Chemistry Levels Affecting Warranty

The JOULE warranty of this water heater will not cover resultant faults on components including the storage cylinder where water stored in the storage cylinder exceeds at any time any of the following levels:

Components	Maximum Permitted Levels
Total Dissolved Solids	600 mg/litre
Total Hardness	200 mg/litre
Chloride	300 mg/litre
Magnesium	10 mg/litre
Calcium	20 mg/litre
Sodium	150 mg/litre
Iron	1 mg/litre
Maximum pH	9.5
Minimum pH	6.5

## Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)

Some water analysis reports may state the conductivity of the water rather than the level of total dissolved solids. Conductivity, measured in microsiemens per centimetre ( $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ ), is directly proportional to the TDS content of the water. TDS, in mg/L, is approximately 70% of the conductivity in  $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ .

The JOULE warranty will not cover resultant faults to the storage cylinder if this water heater is connected at anytime to a water supply where the TDS content of the water exceeds 600 mg/L. In locations where TDS approaches 600 mg/L, e.g. due to sediment, we strongly recommend fitting an appropriate filter to ensure water entering or in the water heater does not exceed this level at any time i.e. due to sediment build up.

## Features Of The Unvented Cylinder

- Made from Duplex Stainless Steel for excellent corrosion resistance.
- Strong rust-proofed steel case.
- Insulation is by means of an approved CFC/HCFC free polyurethane foam with an ozone depletion factor of zero.
- Available in a variety of sizes to suit 60L, 90L, 120L, 150L, 180L, 210L, 250L and 300 litres.
- All models including Solar models are available in Twin versions supplied complete with all the necessary safety and control devices needed to connect to cold water mains
- All safety and control devices are pre-set.
- High quality controls selected that combine high flow rate performance with minimum pressure drop which gives fantastic performance in all areas, with great improvements in areas with poor water pressure.

# General Requirements

## Wellmaster Cylinders

Only JOULE Wellmaster cylinders may be installed on a well, private water scheme or any water source that does not come from the public mains.

Water supplied to the cylinder must conform to the water chemistry table on the previous page. A descaler on the cold water feed may be used if required.



If any of the water parameters are higher than set out in the table including total hardness regardless of whether or not it is fed from a main water connection a Joule Wellmaster cylinder must be used.

If any of the water parameters are higher than set out in the table including Total Hardness regardless of whether or not it is fed from a main water connection a JOULE Wellmaster cylinder must be used.

## Siting The Unit

This unit can supply outlets above it or at some distance from it but any outlets above the unit will reduce the available outlet pressure by 0.1 bar for every 1m of height difference. The maximum length of the “dead leg” should be as stated in the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999 G18.7, in particular to the area of most frequent use.

Particular attention is needed if siting in a garage or outbuilding as the unit should be protected from frost. All exposed pipework must be insulated. The unit must be installed **upright** on a base capable of supporting its weight when full (please see the technical specification section for weights).

Sufficient access to allow maintenance of the valves should be considered. In addition the immersion heaters are 400mm in length and this distance should be considered to allow withdrawal for servicing if required. The discharge pipework from the safety valves should fall continuously and terminate safely.

Negative pressure may form in cylinders installed very high in a building. To counteract this, an anti-vacuum valve can be installed to prevent damage to the cylinder. The anti-vacuum valve ensures pressure compensation as a result of air flowing into the cylinder.

## Connecting To The Cylinder

All of the pipework connections on the cylinder are female threaded. Upon filling / commissioning, ensure all connections are completely watertight.



No control or isolation valve should be fitted between the expansion relief valve and the storage cylinder. The relief valve connections should not be used for any other purpose.

## Cold Mains Pipework

Run the cold main through the building to the place where it is to be installed. Take care not to run the cold pipe near hot water or heating pipe work so that the heat pick-up is minimized. Identify the cold water supply pipe and fit an isolating valve (not supplied). A 22mm BS1010 stopcock can typically be used but a 22mm quarter turn full bore valve would be better as it does not restrict the flow as much. Do not use "screwdriver slot" or similar valves.

Make the connection to the cold feed of the cylinder and incorporate a drain valve. Position the inlet control just **above** the Temperature & Pressure Relief Valve (TPRV) mounted on the side of the cylinder. This ensures that the cylinder does not have to be drained down in order to service the inlet control set. Ensure that the arrow points in the direction of the water flow. Select a suitable position for the expansion vessel. Mount it to the wall using the bracket provided.

## Balanced Cold Connection

If there are to be showers, bidets or monobloc taps in the installation then a balanced cold supply is necessary. There is a 22mm balanced connection on the inlet control set.

## Fitting The Inlet Control Group

Excess pressure can lead to the cylinder bursting. The inlet control set supplied has an expansion relief valve with a 15mm connection to allow it to be connected to the tundish. Make sure that there is sufficient space for future maintenance and also for connection of the discharge pipe for the expansion relief valve.

It is essential that this connection is not covered or closed. The hot water expansion vessel should be hard fixed into pipework and insulated.

## Hot Water Pipework

Run the first part of the hot water distribution pipework in 22mm. This can be reduced to 15mm and 10mm as appropriate for the type of tap etc. Your aim should be to reduce the volume of the hot draw-off pipework to a practical minimum so that the time taken for the hot water is as quick as possible.

Do not use monobloc mixer tap or showers if the balanced cold connection is not provided. Outlets of this type can back pressurise the unit and result in discharge.

## Expansion Vessel

The expansion vessel receives the increased water volume when expansion takes place as the system heats up and it maintains a positive pressure in the system. The expansion vessel contains a flexible diaphragm, which is initially charged on one side with nitrogen, but can be topped up with air when required.

Select a suitable position for the expansion vessel. Mount it to the wall using the bracket provided and hard fix into pipework and insulate. Ensure that the top of the vessel is accessible for servicing. The pipe connecting the expansion vessel to the system should have a diameter of not less than 15mm and must not contain any restrictions.

# General Requirements

Prior to connecting the expansion vessel to the system the pipework should be flushed and tested. When the vessel is connected the system should be pressurised when cold. If the initial system water pressure is too high, the diaphragm will be displaced too far into the vessel. This will leave the vessel unable to accommodate the volume of expansion water. The result of this is an increase in system pressure and the safety valve will lift.

## Primary Coil Connections

Connect the primary connections (Indirect only). The primary circuit must be positively pumped. Either primary connection may be used as the primary flow. Reheat times are identical either way. The primary circuit can be open vented or sealed, with up to a maximum pressure of 3.5 bar. If you seal the primary circuit an additional expansion vessel and safety valve is required.

The boiler may be Gas, Electric or Oil but must be under effective thermostatic control. Uncontrolled heat sources such as some AGA's, back boilers, solid fuel stoves, etc. are **not suitable**. Please contact our Technical department for guidance. Connect the two port zone valve (indirect only) into the primary flow pipework. The direction of flow arrow should be towards the primary flow connection.

## Installing The Two Port Motorised Valve

The function of the Two Port Motorised Valve prevents the cylinder from overheating. It can be installed on either horizontal or vertical pipework.

If it is mounted onto horizontal pipework the valve head must face upwards. The direction of flow is marked on the body of the valve with arrows.

## Thermostatic Mixer

When installing a solar system with an unvented JOULE twin coil cylinder, a thermostatic mixing valve should be installed. Its function is to act as an anti scald protection. The thermostatic mixer is to be set to a temperature of between 30°C and 60°C and is supplied by the installer.

## Secondary Circulation

On larger installations long pipe runs to draw-off points can cause significant volumes of water to be drawn off before an acceptable temperature can be reached. Secondary pumped circulation using a stainless steel or a bronze pump, and combined with effective time and temperature controls can overcome this problem. Where secondary return circulation is required the pipework should be run in 15mm pipe. A suitable WRAS approved stainless steel or bronze circulation pump must be used. A check valve must also be installed to prevent back flow.

On large secondary circulation systems it may be necessary to incorporate an extra expansion vessel into the circuit to accommodate the increased system water volume. Secondary circulation should be avoided on Direct electrically heated units being used on off-peak electricity tariffs. It should be noted that the use of a secondary circulation circuit can increase running costs as there will be circulation pipe losses. High levels of insulation on secondary pipework are required to keep energy losses to a minimum.

### Dead Legs

The length of hot water draw off to taps and other outlets should be kept to a minimum to reduce the amount of cold water drawn off before the hot water arrives.

The maximum recommended dead leg lengths are shown in the table below. Where there is more than one size of pipe on a dead leg, the equivalent length and size should be estimated.

Where the dead leg length exceeds the recommended maximum, secondary circulation should be installed. It should be controlled by a time switch and incorporate a motorized valve that can prevent gravity circulation in the circuit.


Pipe Size (mm)	Maximum Length (m)
10, 12	20
15, 22	12
28	8
35 and above	3

### System Noise

Noise in pipework may occur as a result of expansion of pipework over joists or where the pipe has been left touching other pipes or a part of the building structure. Care must be taken to ensure that the pipework is correctly bracketed, is not in tension or compression, and does not carry the weight of components such as a circulation pump.

### Setting The Hot Water Temperature

The hot water temperature is set on the dual thermostat by the competent person during the installation. The dual thermostat should be set to 60°C. If you are heating water in the cylinder for the first time, or the time controls for the DHW zone have been off for a prolonged period of time, the cylinder may take additional time to heat up.



Inappropriate adjustments can lead to the damages in the system. If any changes are made to the cylinder, the controls, the water and power supply lines or the expansion relief components there is a risk of steam escaping or rupture to the system.

# Unvented Kit Components



TZ9-4.0-0000.5



TV-PO0000012L  
TV-PO0000019L  
TV-PO-0000024L



TZC-D-000000Z



TZU-000015X22



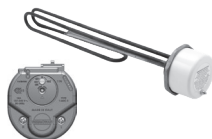
TZM-I-00022MM



TZG-3.0-0.75L



TI-I-L-14-03-1



TI-I-L-14-S3-1  
Smart



TI-I-L-14-02-1

# Unvented Kit Checklist

Capacity (ltr)	60	90	120	150	180	210	250	300
Inlet Group	TZG-3.0-00.75L							
Expansion Vessel	TV-PO-0000012L				TV-PO-0000019L		TV-PO-0000024L	
T&P Valve	TZ9-7.0-0000.5							
Tundish	TZU-000015X022							
Dual Stat	TZC-D-0000000Z							
Prim. Coil 2-P Z.Valve	TzM-I-000022MM							

Direct	Indirect	Modul-AIR
Inlet Control Group	Inlet Control Group	Inlet Control Group
Tundish	Tundish	Tundish
T&P Valve (fitted)	T&P Valve (fitted)	T&P Valve (fitted)
3kW Immersion (fitted)	3kW Immersion (fitted)	2kW Immersion (fitted)
Expansion Vessel	Expansion Vessel	19L Expansion Vessel
	Dual Cylinder Stat	
	2-port Zone Valve	



# Product Group Details

Product Code	
Invacyl	TRBMV
Optimum	TROMV
Prostel	TRPMV
Modul-AIR	TUMA

## Invacyl Direct

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
STD VERTICALS	Direct	TRBMVD-0090LFC	90L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0120LFB	120L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0150LFB	150L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0180LFB	180L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0210LFC	210L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0250LFC	250L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0300LFC	300L INVACYL DIR STD	INVACYL
SLIM VERTICALS	Direct	TRBMVD-0060SFC	60L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0090SFC	90L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0120SFC	120L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0150SFC	150L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0180SFC	180L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL
	Direct	TRBMVD-0210SFC	210L INVACYL DIR SLM	INVACYL

# Invacyl Indirect

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
STD VERTICALS	Indirect	TRBMVI-0090LFC	90L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0120LFB	120L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0150LFB	150L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0180LFB	180L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0210LFC	210L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0250LFC	250L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0300LFC	300L INVACYL IND STD	INVACYL
SLIM VERTICALS	Indirect	TRBMVI-0090SFC	90L INVACYL IND SLM	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0120SFC	120L INVACYL IND SLM	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0150SFC	150L INVACYL IND SLM	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0180SFC	180L INVACYL IND SLM	INVACYL
	Indirect	TRBMVI-0210SFC	210L INVACYL IND SLM	INVACYL

# Optimum Direct

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
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STD VERTICALS	Direct	TROMVD-0090LFC	90L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0120LFB	120L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0150LFB	150L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0180LFB	180L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0210LFC	210L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0250LFC	250L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0300LFC	300L OPTIMUM DIR STD	OPTIMUM

SLIM VERTICALS	Direct	TROMVD-0060SFC	60L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0090SFC	90L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0120SFC	120L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0150SFC	150L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0180SFC	180L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM
	Direct	TROMVD-0210SFC	210L OPTIMUM DIR SLM	OPTIMUM

# Optimum Indirect

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
STD VERTICALS	Indirect	TROMVI-0090LFC	90L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0120LFB	120L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0150LFB	150L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0180LFB	180L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0210LFC	210L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0250LFC	250L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0300LFC	300L OPTIMUM IND STD	OPTIMUM
SLIM VERTICALS	Indirect	TROMVI-0090SFC	90L OPTIMUM IND SLM	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0120SFC	120L OPTIMUM IND SLM	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0150SFC	150L OPTIMUM IND SLM	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0180SFB	180L OPTIMUM IND SLM	OPTIMUM
	Indirect	TROMVI-0210SFC	210L OPTIMUM IND SLM	OPTIMUM

## Prostel Direct

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
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STD VERTICALS	Direct	TRPMVD-0090LFC	90L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0120LFB	120L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0150LFB	150L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0180LFB	180L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0210LFC	210L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0250LFC	250L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0300LFC	300L PROSTEL DIR STD	PROSTEL

SLIM VERTICALS	Direct	TRPMVD-0060SFC	60L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0090SFC	90L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0120SFC	120L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0150SFC	150L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0180SFC	150L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL
	Direct	TRPMVD-0210SFC	210L PROSTEL DIR SLM	PROSTEL

## Prostel Indirect

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
STD VERTICALS	Indirect	TRPMVI-0090LFC	90L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0120LFB	120L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0150LFB	150L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0180LFB	180L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0210LFC	210L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0250LFC	250L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0300LFC	300L PROSTEL IND STD	PROSTEL
SLIM VERTICALS	Indirect	TRPMVI-0090SFC	90L PROSTEL IND SLM	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0120SFC	120L PROSTEL IND SLM	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0150SFC	150L PROSTEL IND SLM	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0180SFC	180L PROSTEL IND SLM	PROSTEL
	Indirect	TRPMVI-0210SFC	210L PROSTEL IND SLM	PROSTEL

## Modul-AIR Indirect

	Cylinder Range	No.	Description	Product Group Code
STD VERTICALS	Indirect	TUMA-00150-LFC	150L MODULAIR UNVENTED CYL	EAPP
	Indirect	TUMA-00180-LFC	180L MODULAIR UNVENTED CYL	EAPP
	Indirect	TUMA-00210-LFC	210L MODULAIR AQUA UNVENTED CYL	EAPP

# ErP Product Fiche Information

Nominal Capacity (litr)	60	90	120	150	180	210	250	300
<b>Direct Standard</b>								
Storage volume V (litr)	-	90	120	150	180	210	250	300
The declared load profile	-	M	M	M	L	L	XL	XL
ErP Rating	-	C	C	C	C	C	C	C
Energy Efficiency (%)	-	35	35	37	36	36	37	37
Ann. El. Consumption (GJ/Annum)	-	1884	1911	1845	3432	3432	6015	6087
Sound Power Level (dB)	-	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Thermostat Temp. Set. (°C)	-	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Daily En. Usage Qelec (kWh/24h)	-	6.782	7.168	12.915	13.055	13.195	20.830	21.100
GJ Anum	-	5.162	5.236	5.055	9.403	10.082	16.479	16.677

Nominal Capacity (litr)	60	90	120	150	180	210
<b>Direct Slimline</b>						
The declared load profile	M	M	M	M	M	M
ErP Rating	C	C	C	C	C	C
Energy Efficiency (%)	37	36	36	36	36	37
Ann. El. Consumption (GJ/Annum)	1592	1561	1643	1643	3071	3068
Sound Power Level (dB)	15	15	15	15	15	15
Thermostat Temp. Set. (°C)	60	60	60	60	60	60
Daily En. Usage Qelec (kWh/24h)	4.362	4.277	4.501	4.553	8.414	8.405
GJ Anum	5.731	5.62	5.915	5.983	11.056	11.045

# ErP Product Fiche Information

Nominal Capacity (ltr)		90	120	150	180	210	250	300
<b>Indirect Vertical</b>								
Storage Volume V (ltr)		86.4	116.4	146.4	175.9	205.3	245.3	295.3
Standing Loss (kW)	-	40	46	53	58	64	73	85

ErP Rating	-	B	B	B	B	C	C	C
Nominal Capacity (ltr)		90	120	150	180	210	250	300
<b>Indirect Vertical Slimline</b>								
Storage Volume V (ltr)	-	80.4	109	139.8	169.4	242	-	-
Standing Loss (kW)	-	23	30	38	42	45	-	-
ErP Rating	-	C	C	C	C	C	-	-

Nominal Capacity (ltr)				150	180	210		
<b>Modul-AIR</b>								
Storage Volume V (ltr)	-	-	-	146.4	175.9	205.3	-	-
Standing Loss (kW)	-	-	-	53	58	62	-	-
ErP Rating	-	-	-	C	C	C	-	-



# Technical Data

Indirect models in conformance with BS EN 12897:2016

Direct models in conformance with BS EN 50440:2015

Maximum mains water supply pressure	1.0MPa (10 bar max)
Operating pressure secondary circuit (PRV Setting)	0.3MPa (3 bar)
Expansion vessel design pressure	0.28MPa (2.8 bar - 0.2 bar below working)
Expansion relief valve setting	0.6MPa (6 bar)
Maximum design pressure of the secondary circuit	0.55MPa (5.5bar)
Maximum Expansion vessel pressure	1.0MPa (10 bar)
T&P relief valve setting	0.7MPa/90 °C (7 bar)
Primary coil maximum design pressure	0.6MPa (6 bar)
Operating pressure of the primary circuit	0.3MPa (3 bar)
Primary flow rate information	15l/min @ 80°C
Immersion heater rating (a.c. supply only) single phase	2kW or 3kW 50/60Hz ~
Storage weights (empty and full)	See Specification Tables
Indirect coil ratings	See Specification Tables
Pressure drop across the indirect coils	See Specification Tables
Coil surface area	See Specification Tables

# Unvented Cylinder Selection Guide

L		Kg	Kg		L		nWh%	Mins	nWh%	Kwh/ ANNUUM	Kw	Kw
Cap.	Cylinder Range	Weight Empty	Weight Full	Load Profile	Water Vol	ERP Rating	Energy Efficiency	Reheat Time Indirect	Stand. Loss	Ann. Energy Usage	Prim. Coil Rating	Prim Coil. Resist- ance

60	Direct Slimline	19	72	M	60	C	36	-	43	1592	-	-
----	-----------------	----	----	---	----	---	----	---	----	------	---	---

90	Direct	21	111	M	90	C	35	-	52	1884	-	-
	Indirect	23	109	-	90	B	-	26	52	-	5.3	0.2
	Direct Slimline	22	106	M	90	C	35	-	48	1561		
	Indirect Slimline	23	103	-	90	C	-	14	48	-	15.73	0.2

120	Direct	26	146	M	120	C	35	-	60	1911	-	-
	Indirect	30	146	-	120	B	-	33	60	-	10.24	0.2
	Direct Slimline	26	140	M	120	C	35	-	57	1643		
	Indirect Slimline	30	139	-	120	C	-	19	57	-	16.33	0.2

150	Direct	33	183	M	150	C	37	-	68	1845	-	-
	Indirect	38	184	-	150	B	-	36	68	-	10.24	0.2
	Direct Slimline	33	177	M	150	C	34		67	1662		
	Indirect Slimline	38	177	-	150	C	-	24	67	-	16.33	0.2
	Modul-AIR	38	185	-	150	C	-	24	53	-	10.24	0.2

180	Direct	38	218	L	180	C	36	-	76	3432	-	-
	Indirect	42	218	-	180	C	-	41	76	-	11.54	0.2
	Direct Slimline	38	212	L	180	C	34		71	3071	-	-
	Indirect Slimline	42	211	-	180	C	-	29	71	-	16.9	0.2
	Modul-AIR	42	218	-	180	C	-	42	58	-	11.54	0.2

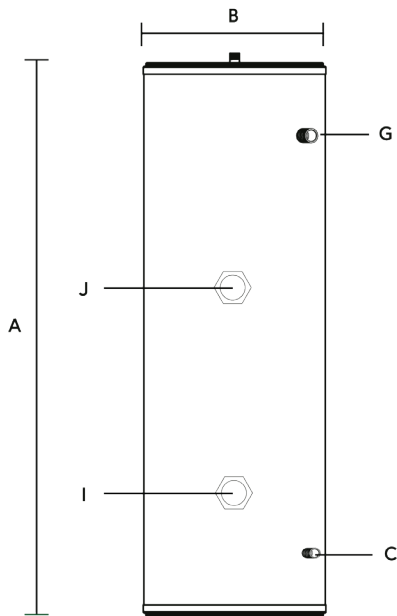
L		Kg	Kg		L		nWh%	Mins	nWh%	Kwh/ ANNUM	Kw	Kw
Cap.	Cylinder Range	Weight Empty	Weight Full	Load Profile	Water Vol	ERP Rating	Energy Efficiency	Reheat Time Indirect	Stand. Loss	Ann. Energy Usage	Prim. Coil Rating	Prim Coil. Resistance

210	Direct	41	251	L	210	C	36	-	80	3680	-	-
	Indirect	45	250	-	210	C	-	45	80		12.67	0.2
	Direct Slimline	41	243	L	210	C	33	-	75	3068	-	-
	Indirect Slimline	45	242	-	210	C	-	33	75	-	18.15	0.2
	Modul-AIR	45	248	-	210	C	-	62	58	-	12.67	0.2

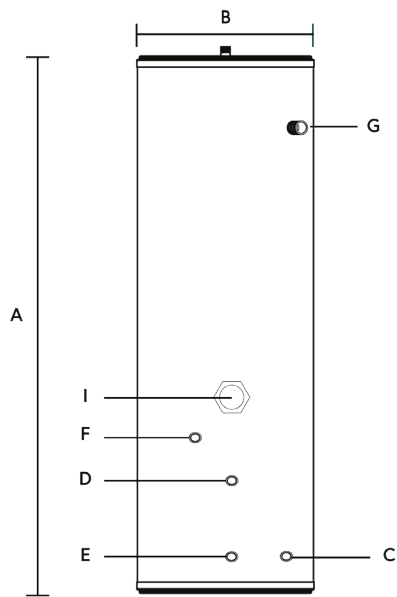
250	Direct	46	296	XL	250	C	37	-	91	6015	-	-
	Indirect	51	296	-	250	C	-	47	91	-	14.97	0.2

300	Direct	55	355	XL	300	C	37	-	93	6087	-	-
	Indirect	60	355	-	300	C	-	48	93	-	17.26	0.2

# Direct Technical Specification



# Indirect Technical Specification

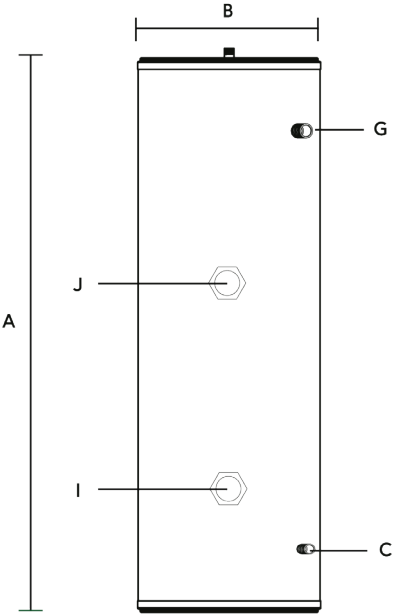


Ltr	A	B	C	G	I	J
Cap	Height	Diameter	Cold Water Inlet (22mm Comp)	T&P Relief Valve (½" BSP)	Immersion Heater Bottom (1 ¼" BSP)	Immersion Heater Top (1 ¾" BSP)
90	760	545	195	515	242	
120	900	545	195	703	242	519
150	1100	545	195	890	242	619
180	1280	545	195	1078	242	719
210	1470	545	195	1266	242	819
250	1720	545	195	1516	242	959
300	1980	545	195	1829	242	1109

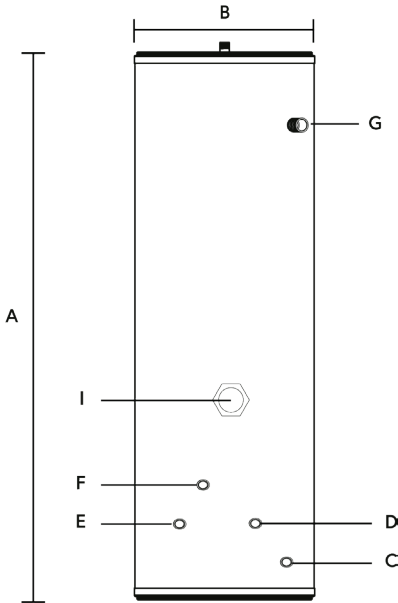
Ltr	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	I
Cap	Height	Diameter	Cold Water Inlet (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Flow (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Return (22mm Comp)	Aquastat Pocket Bottom	T&P Relief Valve (½" BSP)	Immersion Heater Bottom (1 ¾" BSP)

120	900	545	195	440	200	360	710	345
150	1100	545	195	520	200	395	890	380
180	1280	545	195	560	200	395	1085	380
210	1470	545	195	600	200	475	1265	410
250	1720	545	195	600	200	475	1520	410
300	1980	545	195	600	200	475	1785	410

# Slimline Direct Technical Specification



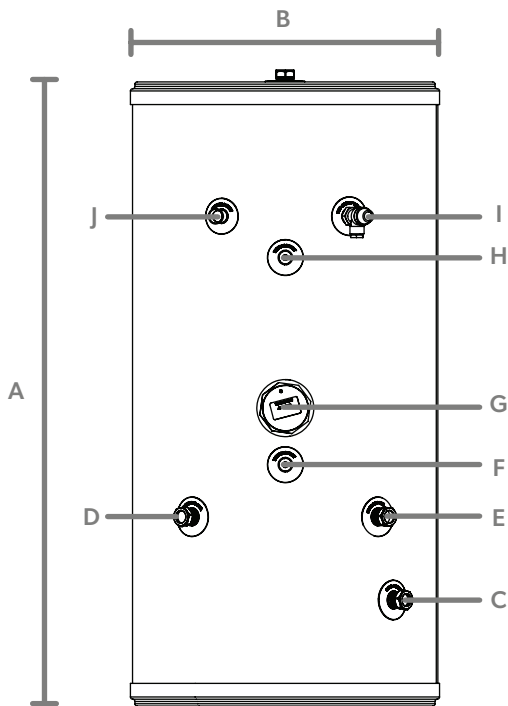
# Slimline Indirect Technical Specification



Ltr	A	B	C	G	I	J
Cap	Height	Diameter	Cold Water Inlet (22mm Comp)	T&P Relief Valve (½" BSP)	Immersion Heater Bottom (1 ¼" BSP)	Immersion Heater Top (1 ¼" BSP)
60	640	475	162	437	212	
90	940	475	162	722	212	
120	1205	475	162	987	212	722
150	1470	475	162	1262	212	905
180	1750	475	162	1527	212	1082

Ltr	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	I
Cap	Height	Diameter	Cold Water Inlet (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Flow (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Return (22mm Comp)	Aquastat Pocket Bottom	T&P Relief Valve (½" BSP)	Immersion Heater Bottom (1 ¼" BSP)
90	940	475	162	288	288	343	722	328
120	1205	475	162	288	288	368	987	368
150	1470	475	162	288	288	418	1262	418
180	1750	475	162	288	288	418	1527	418
210	1920	475	162	288	288	453	1739	453

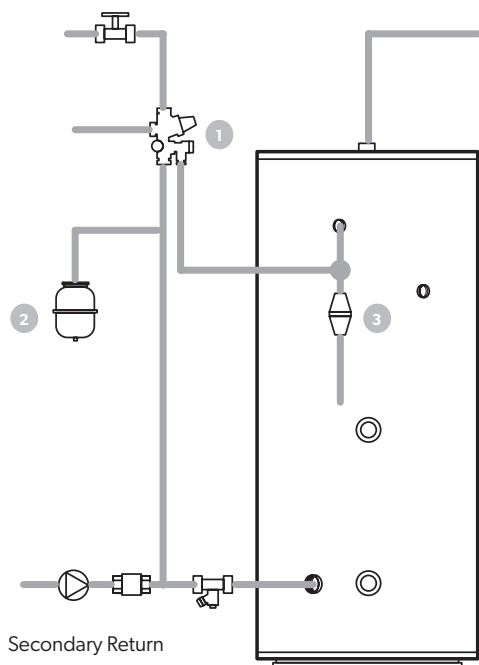
# Modul-AIR Tank Technical Specification



Ltr	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Cap	Height	Diameter	Cold Water Inlet (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Flow (22mm Comp)	Primary Coil Return (22mm Comp)	Aquastat Pocket Bottom 10mm	Immersion Boss (1 3/4" BSP)	Aquastat Pocket Middle 10mm	T&P Relief Valve (1/2" BSP)	Aquastat Pocket Top 22mm
150	1100	545	187	334	334	426	526	792	865	865
180	1280	545	187	334	334	413	617	816	1063	1063
210	1470	545	187	334	334	580	714	1023	1241	1241



# Plumbing G3 Unvented Kit



All unvented cylinders must have full G3 kit as supplied with cylinder installed correctly

Inlet Control Group Valve **1** must be fitted on incoming cold feed within 3m of cylinder

Potable Expansion Vessel **2** must be fitted on cold feed between Inlet Valve **1** and cylinder

Tundish **3** must be fitted on T&P and P relief as shown in this diagram and also reference to **page 43-45** Discharge Arrangement

1



2



3

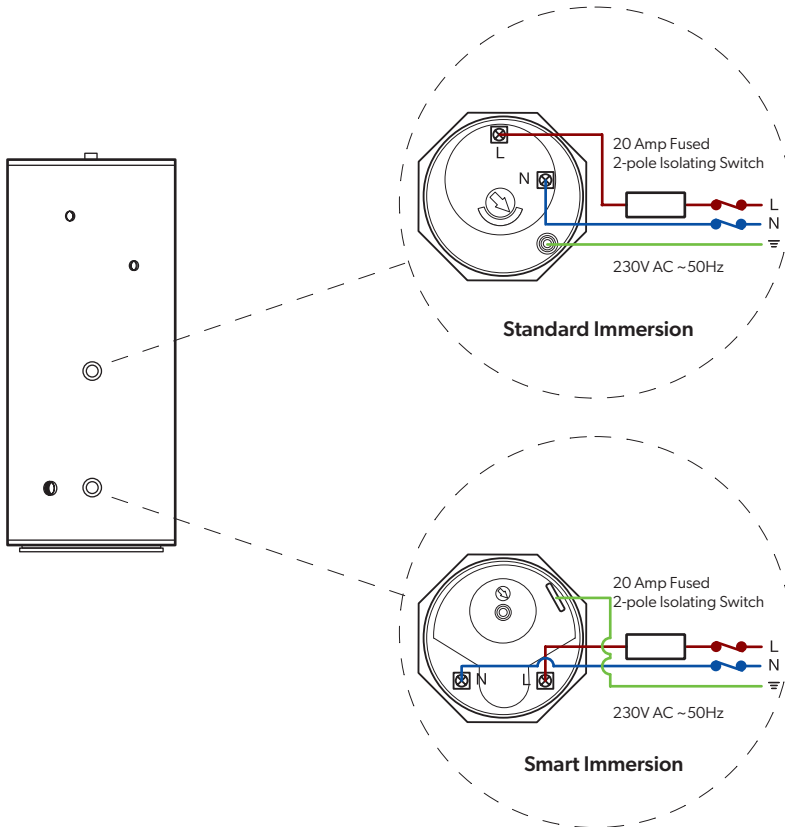


Failure to install unvented kit correctly invalidate warranty and does not comply with Building Regulations.

## Testing



Do not connect an immersion with a higher rating than supplied as standard without using a relay switch.



## Fitting The Immersion Heater

Always check the immersion for signs of leakage before wiring commences.

The immersion heater must be completely submerged in water with a minimum of 200mm of water above the top of the immersion.



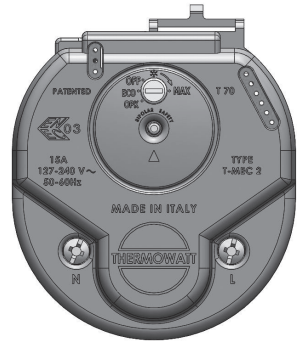
Do not operate the immersion heaters until the cylinder has been filled with water

Wire the immersion through a double pole fused spur. The contact separation must be no less than 3mm with a minimum breaking capacity of 16A.

# Smart Immersion Functions

On the new Smart Immersion we have four setting options:

- **OFF**
- **ECO** – smart control: starts for 2 weeks at 70°C and then it will select automatically storage temperatures through the day
- **MANUAL** – works as standard mechanical thermostat can be set up to 70°C
- **OPK** (off peak) – this must be selected when the cylinder is connected to the night tariff. During the day time the immersion is not connected and this would require the smart control to be reset. When OPK is selected it should be set at 60°C and working as a standard thermostat. Alternatively the user can select the manual mode.



## Immersion Testing

Install the immersion using rigid cable, 2m long max, with 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cross-section and a temperature resistance of at least 85°C.

The Cable should be rubber insulated HOFR sheathed, complying with BS6141 Table 8. It must be fully earthed.

Ensure all terminal connections are securely made. Do not however use excessive force when tightening the terminal screws.

Ensure that the power supply is disconnected prior to making any electrical connections. Provide 90mm length of cable for each of the Live and Neutral cables with 8mm of bare cable for connection to the Immersion terminals.

Provide 110mm length of cable for the Earth cable with 20mm of bare cable for connection to the Earth stud.

Make a circle with the bare Earth cable and tighten securely using the washer to the Earth stud.

Fit the Live and Neutral cables to the Immersion thermostat.

Ensure all terminal connections are properly tightened prior to commissioning

For installations with high water demands, or areas with hard water, Titanium immersions should be fitted.

The thermostat should be set so that the water is heated to a temperature between 60°C and 65°C. Water stored at temperatures below 60°C can result in bacteria growth and temperatures above 65°C can cause scalding.

The immersion stat has an integrated high limit stat which If the primary thermostat fails the limit thermostat takes over and shuts the element off before the water can boil in the cylinder.

## Testing

If there is no hot water you can carry out several tests with your multimeter to decide which component is faulty.

First remove the cover for the wiring and then check for voltage across the live and neutral terminals on the element. If you get a reading the element is faulty (power going through thermostat so stat is working).

Next, check whether the thermostat is working by connecting your multimeter to the live out of the thermostat, if there is no reading the thermostat is faulty.



If the water is getting extremely hot the thermostat is stuck in the '**ON**' position and will need to be replaced.

## Safety

- Disconnect the immersion from the mains electrical supply before removing any covers.
- Do not attempt to replace the immersion heater(s) with alternatives to those recommended by JOULE.
- Do not bypass the Thermal Cut-Out(s) in any circumstances.

## Replacing The Immersion

First task is to isolate the power. Immersion heaters are rated at 3kW and require their own 20A double pole isolation switch. Turn off the power from the isolation switch and remove the fuse. Next turn off the water to the tank.

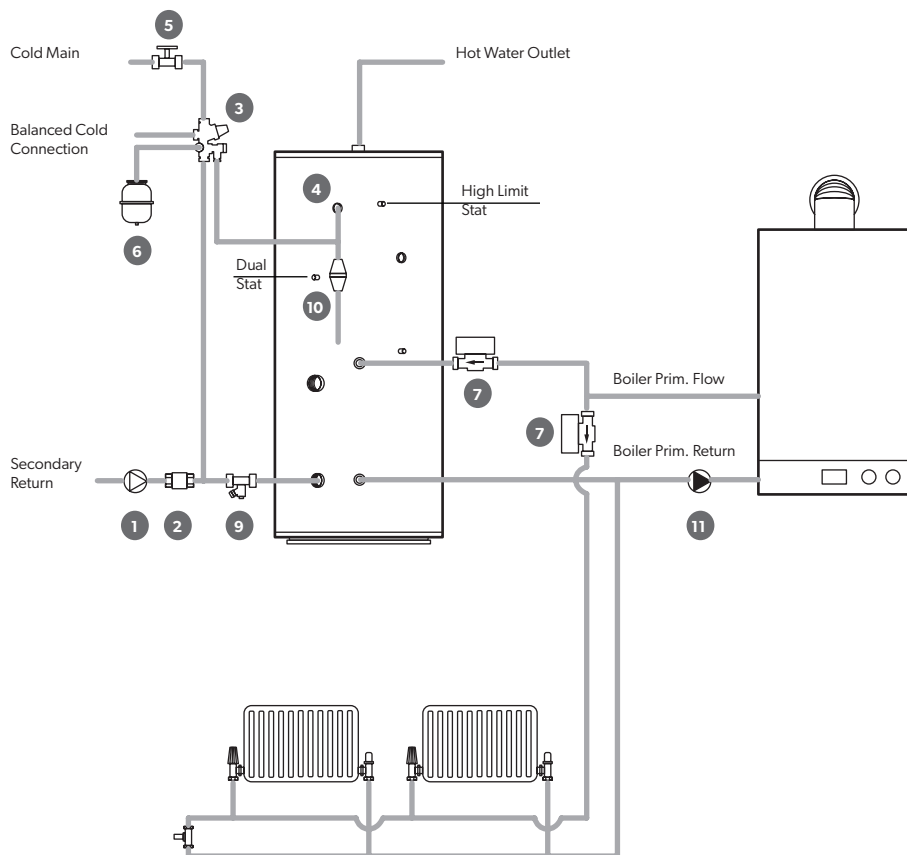
Drain the water from the tank via the drain cock using a hose. Remove the immersion using an immersion spanner. Thread in the replacement immersion heater creating the seal using a rubber o-ring or fibre washer. Slot the immersion heater into the hole with the washer and make sure the threads are lined up correctly. Tighten with whichever spanner you are using, taking care not to over tighten and risk damaging the cylinder.

Open the taps up and turn the cold water supply back on. When water starts to come out of the taps shut them off and check for leaks. If all is good wire up the immersion heater, checking that your connections are good. Fit the cap on the immersion and turn the power back on.

If the immersion is connected to a booster switch turn it on and check that it heats up. Economy 7 immersion heaters will only turn on at set times during the night and cannot be altered so check the following morning to see if the water has heated up properly.

# Un-Plumbed Cylinder Schematic

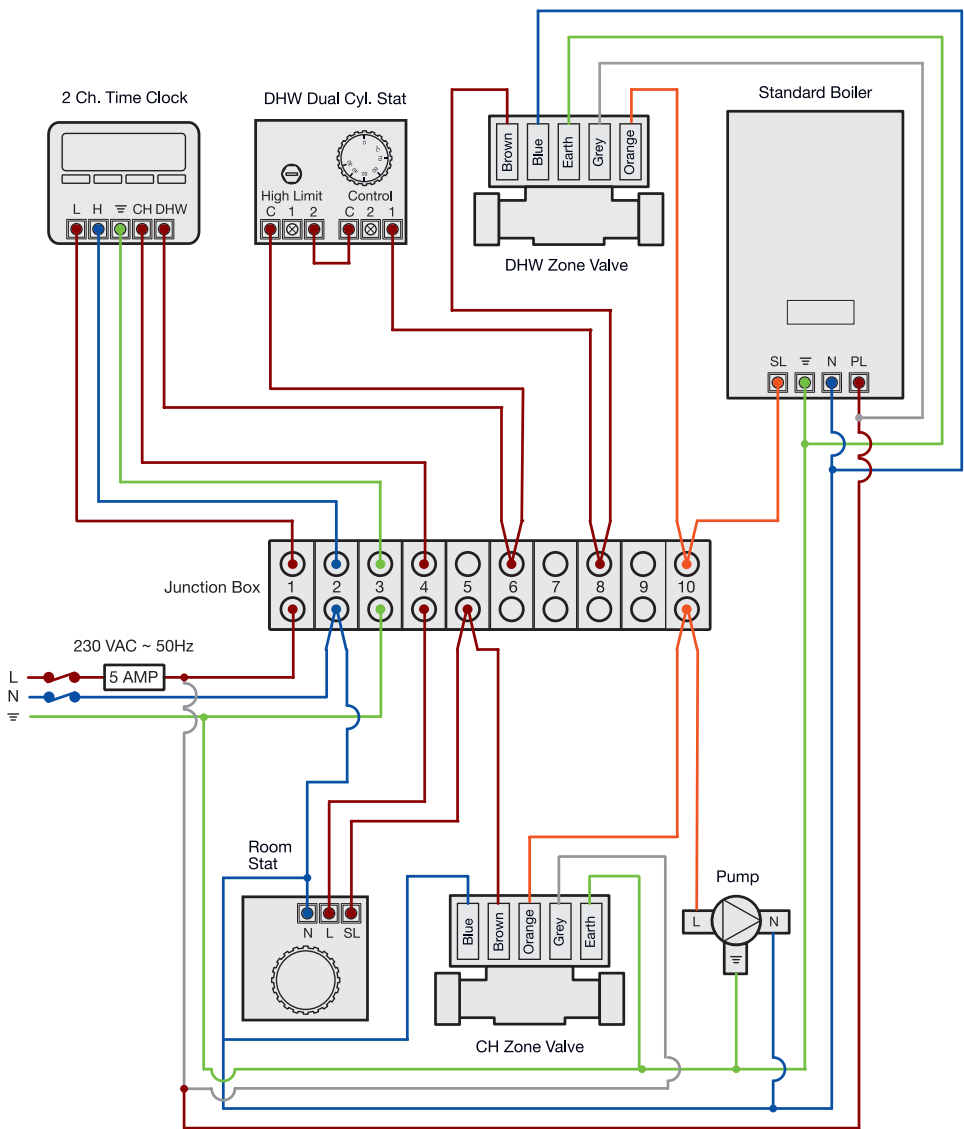
## Mechanical Diagram S-Plan



- 1 Bronze Pump
- 2 Non Return Valve (not supplied)
- 3 Inlet Control Group
- 4 Temperature & Pressure Relief Valve
- 5 Isolation Valve (not supplied)
- 6 Exp. Vessel with Wall Bracket
- 7 2-port Zone Valve (one only supplied)
- 9 Drain Valve (not supplied)
- 10 Tundish
- 11 Heating Circ. Pump (required where boiler has no internal pump)

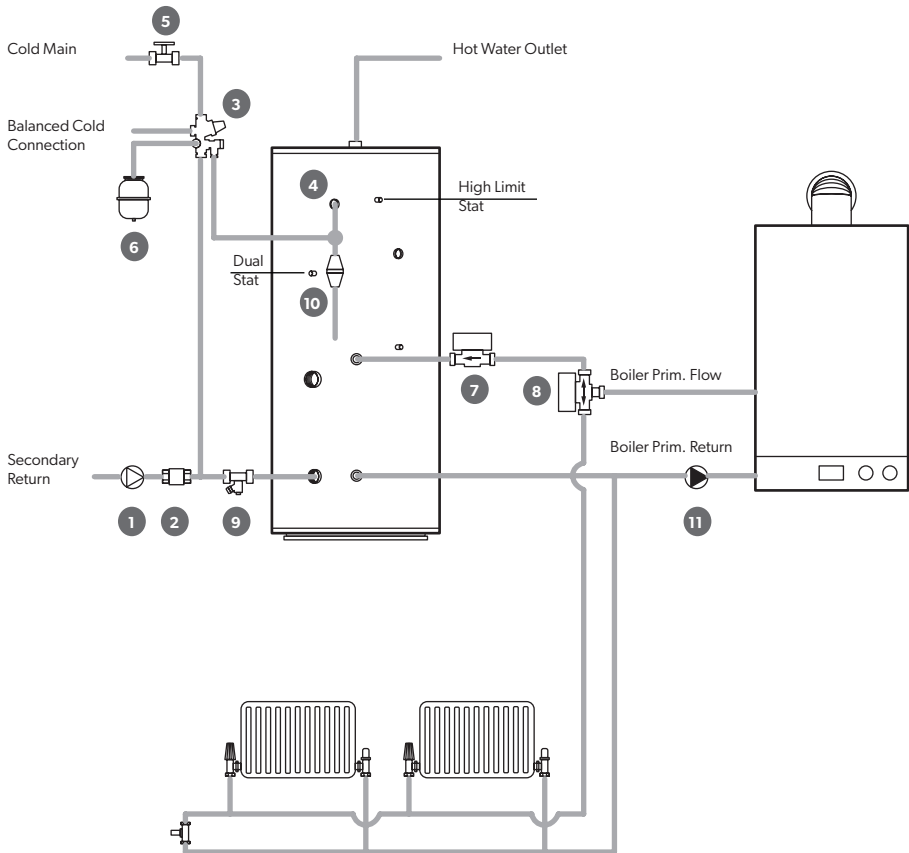
# Un-Plumbed Cylinder Schematic

## Electrical Diagram S-Plan



# Un-Plumbed Cylinder Schematic

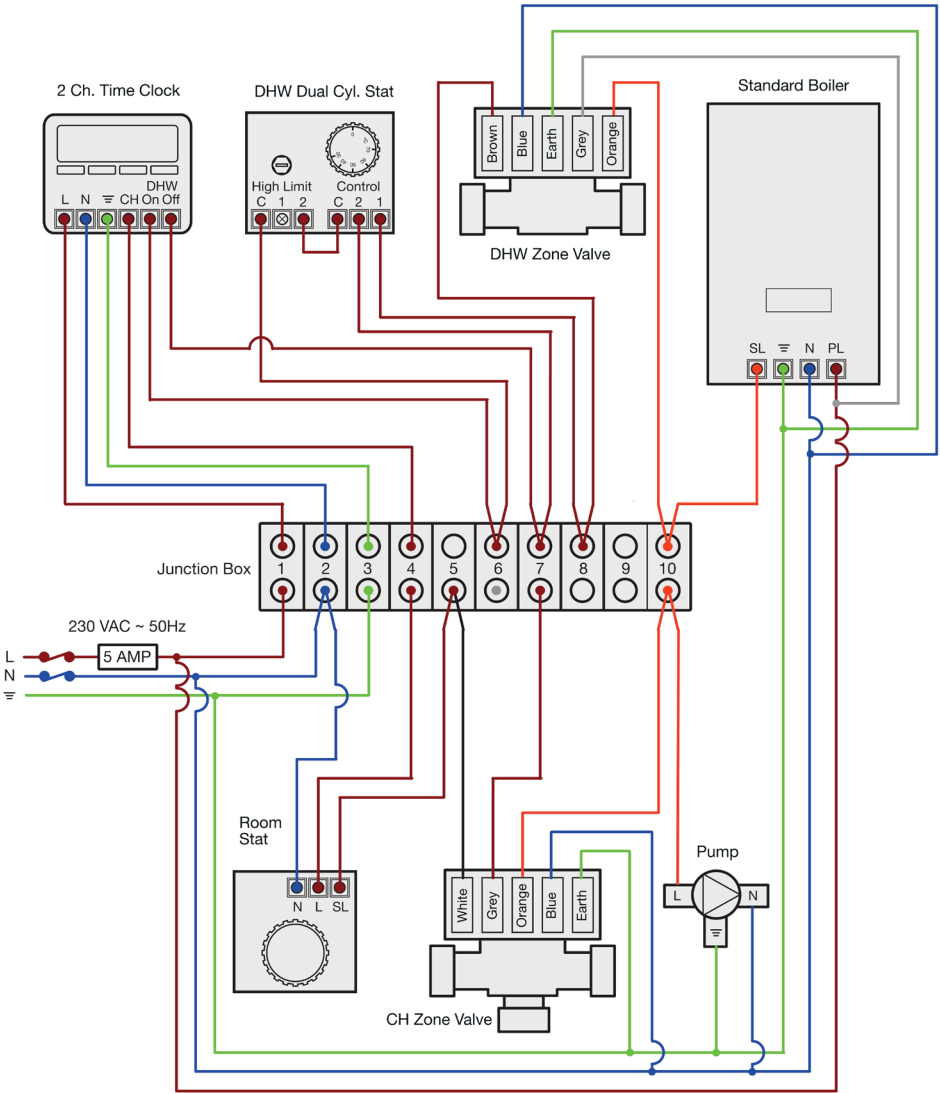
## Mechanical Diagram Y-Plan



- 1 Bronze Pump
- 2 Non Return Valve (not supplied)
- 3 Inlet Control Group
- 4 Temperature & Pressure Relief Valve
- 5 Isolation Valve (not supplied)
- 6 Exp. Vessel with Wall Bracket
- 7 2-port Zone Valve
- 8 3-port Valve (not supplied)
- 9 Drain Valve (not supplied)
- 10 Tundish
- 11 Heating Circ. Pump (required where boiler has no internal pump)

# Un-Plumbed Cylinder Schematic

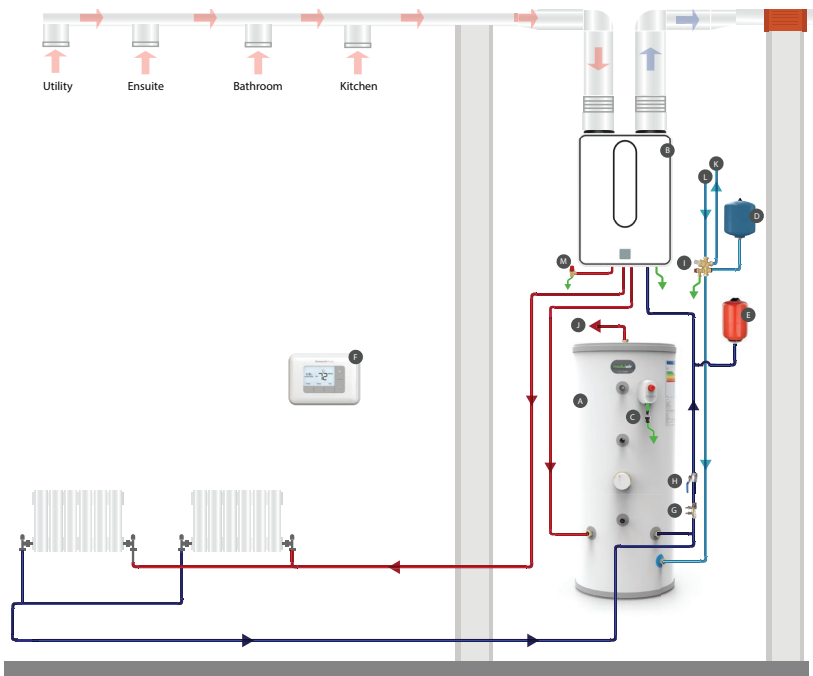
## Electrical Diagram Y-Plan





# Modul-AIR Cylinder Schematics

## Modul-AIR All-E Mechanical Diagram - 1 DHW & 1 Radiator Zone



	Description
A	Modul-AIR Hot Water Tank
B	Modul-AIR Heat Pump
C	Tundish
D	Potable Expansion Vessel
E	Heating Expansion Vessel
F	Opentherm thermostat
G	Fill & Flush Valve
H	Filterball
I	Inlet Control Group
J	Hot Outlet
K	Balanced Cold Outlet
L	Mains/Boosted Cold Inlet
M	Pressure Relief Valve

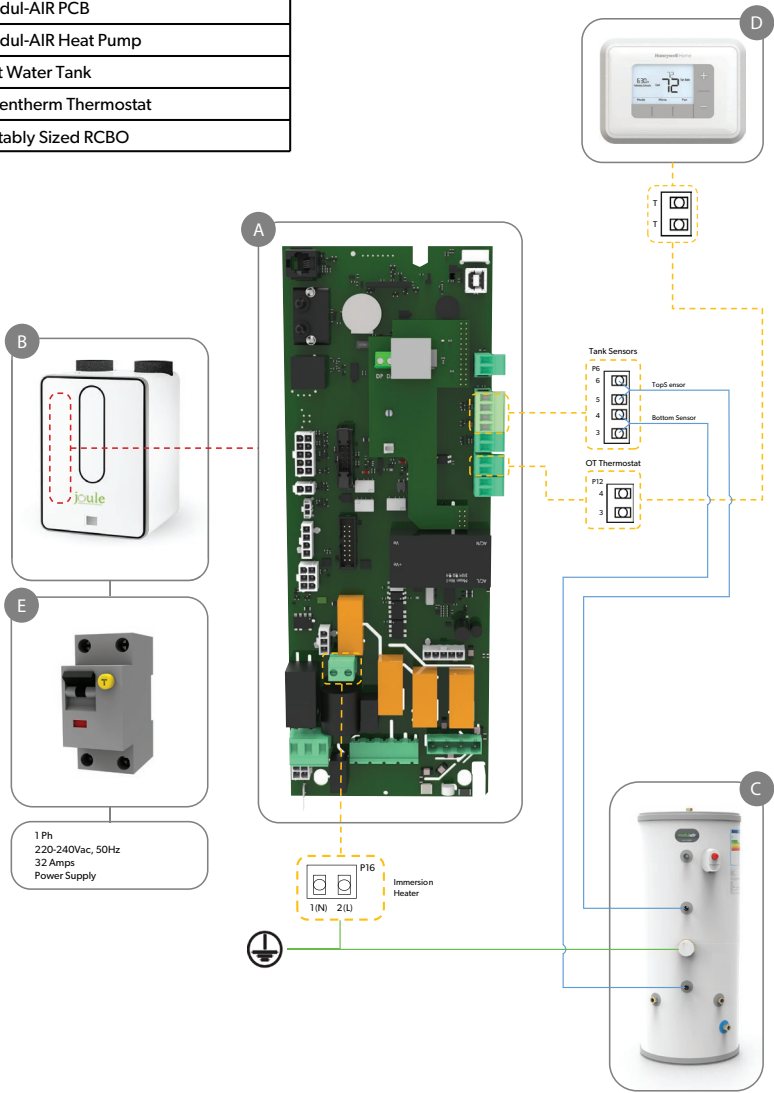


If an appliance capable of heating the Modul-AIR tank above 89°C is connected to the primary coil then a separate non-self-resetting thermostat and 2 port valve must be installed in the primary circuit

# Modul-AIR Cylinder Schematic

## Modul-AIR All-E Electrical Diagram - 1 DHW & 1 Radiator Zone

	Description
A	Modul-AIR PCB
B	Modul-AIR Heat Pump
C	Hot Water Tank
D	Opentherm Thermostat
E	Suitably Sized RCBO



\* Terminals 6,5 & 4,3 of connector P6 and 4,3 of P12 are polarity insensitive.

# Electronic Controls

## Electrical Controls

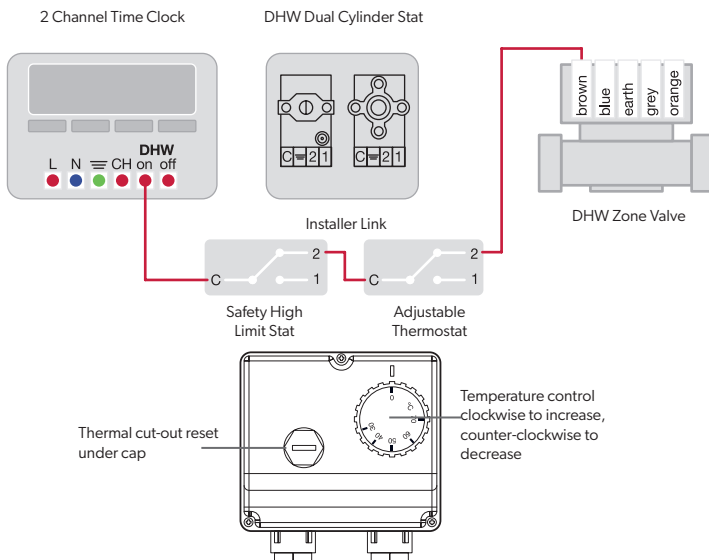
For Modul-AIR tanks the immersion is controlled directly by the heat pump.

For standard and pre-plumb systems a suitable time and temperature control should be installed to allow the cylinder to operate at it's maximum efficiency. All electrical work carried out must comply with IEE Wiring Regulations (BS 3456). Products must also be installed as per the regulations in G3 of the Building Regulations. A boiler interlock should be in place and is a wiring arrangement where the boiler cannot fire unless there is a demand for hot water generation.

## Typical Wiring Diagrams

These diagrams relate only to the components listed. Others may vary in their wiring requirements, particularly thermostats. Always refer to manufacturers' instructions which may override the detail in order to function correctly.

The link must be installed between the adjustable thermostat and the safety cut-out thermostat as shown



above. The operating thermostat which controls the temperature of the domestic hot water is adjustable. A safety cut out is also incorporated within the thermostat and will operate at  $85^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Both thermostats should run in series. To reset the safety cut-out and the motorised valve the reset button must be pressed in.

JOULE cannot be responsible if alternative wiring plans are used.



Before resetting the safety cut-out or altering the thermostat setting, isolate electrical supply to the unit before removal of the cover.

# Discharge Arrangement

## Discharge Pipework

The inlet control group should be positioned so that the discharge from both safety valves can be combined via a 15mm end feed tee. Connect the tundish and route the discharge pipe which must be routed in accordance with Building Regulations - Part G3 of schedule 1.

When operating normally water will not be discharged. Water discharge from the two safety valves will only occur under fault conditions. The tundish should be vertical, located in the same space as the unvented hot water storage system and be fitted as close as possible, and lower than the valve, with no more than 600mm between the safety device outlet e.g. the temperature relief valve and the tundish.

The position of the tundish must be that when installed it is visible to the occupants of the premises. When positioning the tundish, the drain valves and motorised valve ensure that these items are positioned away from any electrical devices. The discharge pipe (D2) coming from the tundish should terminate in a safe place where there is no risk to persons in the vicinity of the discharge, be of metal and:

- Be at least one pipe size larger than the nominal outlet size of the safety device unless its total equivalent hydraulic resistance exceeds that of a straight pipe 9m long, i.e. discharge pipes between 9m and 18m equivalent resistance length should be at least two sizes larger than the nominal outlet size of the safety device, between 18 and 27m at least 3 sizes larger, and so on.
- Bends must be taken into account in calculating the flow resistance. Refer to diagram 1, Table 1 and the worked example. An alternative approach for sizing discharge pipes would be to follow BS6700 Specification for design, installation, testing and maintenance of services supplying water for domestic use within buildings and their curtilages.
- Have a vertical section of pipe at least 300mm long, below the tundish before any elbows or bends in the pipework.
- Be installed with a continuous fall.

It is preferable for the discharge to be visible at both the tundish and the final point of discharge. Where this is not possible or practically difficult, there should be clear visibility at one or other of these locations.

# Discharge Arrangement

## Examples Of Acceptable Dischargement Arrangements

Ideally below the fixed grating and above the water seal in a trapped gulley.

**Downward discharges at a low level;** i.e. up to 100mm above external surfaces such as car parks, hard standings, grassed areas etc. are acceptable providing that where children play or otherwise come into contact with discharges, a wire cage or similar guard is positioned to prevent contact whilst maintaining visibility.

**Discharges at a high level;** e.g. in to metal hopper and metal down pipe with the end of the discharge pipe clearly visible (tundish visible or not) or onto a roof capable of withstanding high temperature discharges of water and 3m from any plastic guttering systems that would collect such discharges (tundish available).

Where a single pipe serves a number of discharges, such as in blocks of flats, the number served should be limited to not more than 6 systems so that any installation can be traced reasonably easily.

The single common discharge pipe should be at least one pipe size larger than the largest individual discharge pipe to be connected. If unvented hot water storage systems are installed where discharges from safety devices may not be apparent, i.e. in dwellings occupied by blind, infirm or disabled people, consideration should be given to the installation of an electronically operated device to warn when discharge takes place.

## Worked Example

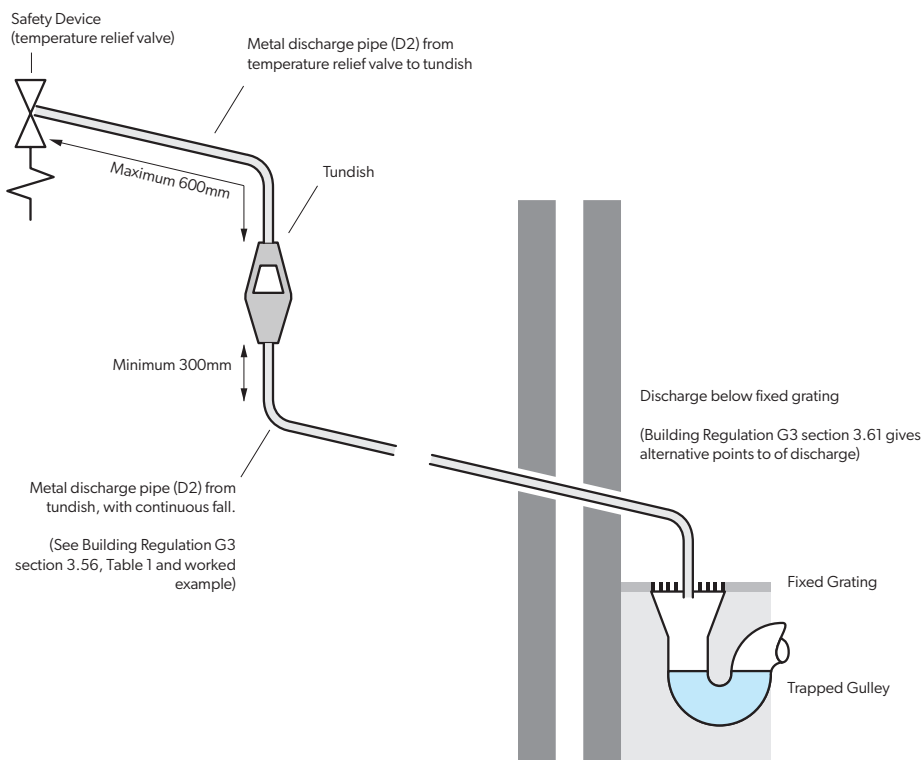
The example on the next page is for G1/2 temperature relief valve with a discharge pipe (D2) having 4 No. elbows and length of 7m from the tundish to the point of discharge.

Maximum resistance allowed for a straight length of 22mm copper discharge pipe (D2) from a G1/2 temperature relief valve is: 9.0m. Subtract the resistance for 4 No. 22mm elbows at 0.8m each = 3.2m. Therefore the maximum permitted length equates to: 5.8m. 5.8m is less than the actual length of 7m, therefore calculate the next largest size.

Maximum resistance allowed for a straight length of 28mm pipe (D2) from a G1/2 temperature relief valve equates to: 14m. As the actual length is 7m, a 28mm (D2) copper pipe will be satisfactory.

	G ½			G ¾			G1		
Min. size of discharge pipe D1	15mm			22mm			28mm		
Min. size of discharge pipework D2 from tundish	22mm	28mm	35mm	28mm	35mm	42mm	35mm	42mm	54mm
Max. length of straight pipe (no bends or elbows)	Up to 9m	Up to 18m	Up to 27m	Up to 9m	Up to 18m	Up to 27m	Up to 9m	Up to 18m	Up to 27m
Deduct the gure below from the maximum length for each bend or elbow in the discharge pipe	0.8m	1.0m	1.4m	1.0m	1.4m	1.7m	1.4m	1.7m	2.3m

Sizing of copper discharge pipe (D2) for a temp. relief valve with a G1/2 outlet size (as supplied)



The discharge will consist of scalding water and steam. Asphalt, roofing felt and non-metallic rainwater goods may be damaged by such discharges.

It is not acceptable to discharge straight into a soil pipe.

# Commissioning

## Filling

First you must ensure that the pressure in the expansion vessel is the same as the setting of the pressure reducing valve i.e. 3 bar (45PSI). The valve is of the Schrader car tyre type. Check all the connections for water tightness including any factory made connections such as the immersion heater and the temperature and pressure relief valve. Prior to filling, open the hot tap furthest away from the cylinder to expel air. Open the cold main isolation valve and allow the unit to fill.

Once the cylinder has been fully commissioned it should be heated to its normal operating temperature. Draw off secondary hot water to each outlet and allow hot water to flow from each outlet for at least 30 seconds to remove any flux residue from the pipe work within the secondary hot water system. Then fully drain the cylinder and re-fill to ensure that all flux residues are removed from the system.

## Indirect Units

Fill the primary circuit according to the boiler manufacturers' commissioning instructions. Any additives used in the heating system water circulating through the cylinder coil must be compatible for use with stainless steel cylinders.

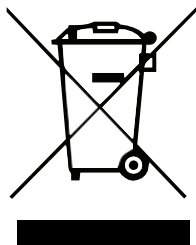
Ensure the lever on the two port valve is set to the filling position. When full, move the lever back. Switch the programmer to Domestic Hot Water (DHW) and allow the unit to start to heat. Adjust the dial of the dual thermostat to between 30°C and 70°C as required.

## Storage Temperature

60-65°C is the recommended storage temperature for both direct and indirect cylinders. In hard water areas consideration should be given to reducing this to 50-55°C. In many healthcare applications the guidance on Legionella control and safe water delivery temperatures will require storing the water at 60-65°C, distributing at 50- 55°C and using thermostatic mixing valves to control the final temperature. For details consult the NHS Estates Guidance on safe hot water temperatures.

## WEEE Declaration

Disposal of Waste Equipment by Users in Private Household in the European Union.



This symbol on the product indicates that this product must not be disposed of with your other household waste. Instead, it is your responsibility to dispose of your waste equipment by handing it over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical equipment. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment.

For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or the company where this product was purchased.

# Maintenance

## General

Servicing should only be carried out by competent installers and any spare parts used must be purchased from JOULE.



Never bypass any safety devices or operate the unit without them being fully operational

## Draining

Switch the electrical power off (important to avoid damage to element). Isolate boiler from the unit. Turn off the cold water supply valve. Open hot water tap. Open the drain valve. The unit will drain.



Water drained off may be very hot!

## Annual Maintenance

The water heaters require annual servicing in order to ensure safe working and optimum performance. It is essential that the following checks are performed by a competent installer on an annual basis. This is commonly done at the same time as the annual boiler service.

- Twist the cap of the expansion relief valve on the inlet control set and allow water to flow for 5 seconds. Release and make sure it resets correctly.
- Repeat with the pressure / temperature relief valve. In both cases check that the discharge pipework is carrying the water away adequately. If not, check for blockages etc. and clear.
- Check that any immersion heaters fitted are working correctly and that they are controlling the water at a temperature between 55°C and 65°C.
- Check the pressure in the expansion vessel is charged to 3 bar. Turn off the water supply to the unit and open a hot tap first. The air valve on expansion vessel is a Schrader (car tyre) type.
- Air or CO<sub>2</sub> may be used to charge the expansion vessel. Unscrew the head on the inlet control set and clean the mesh filter within.

The Service Log Book supplied with this unit should be updated at each service.



Your guarantee may be void if you cannot produce proof of annual servicing immersion heater replacement.



## Immersion Heater Replacement

If the thermal cut out on the Immersion heater operates contact a competent installer. If the thermal cut out fault occurs again the immersion will need to be replaced.

Prior to installing the replacement Immersion, ensure the o-ring is correctly positioned on the head of the Immersion and lubricate the threads before fitting.

Thread the Immersion by hand until it is hand tight and then tighten gently to allow the o-rings to create a water tight seal.

## Inspection

Where internal inspection of the cylinder is required an endoscope can be used. Inspection can be carried out by draining down the cylinder and removing a component that is fitted to a wet connection in the cylinder.

## Safety Valve Checks

Water discharges from either the temperature/pressure relief valve or the expansion relief valve indicates a problem.

- Check your discharge pipework is free from debris and is carrying water away to waste effectively.
- Next hold both of these safety valves open, allowing as much water as possible to flow through the tundish.
- Release the valves and check that they reseal correctly.



Completion of the Benchmark Checklist on pages 42-43 must be adhered to by the installer

# Taking The Cylinder Out Of Use

## Shutting Down

- Ensure the cold water supply is isolated and at least two hot water draw off points are open prior to draining the cylinder.
- One of the hot water draw off points should be as close as possible to the height of cylinder in draw off terms.
- Where applicable use the drain valve at the cold water inlet to drain the contents of the cylinder.
- Isolate the coil from the main heating system. If necessary blow out the coil prior to moving the cylinder.

## Recycling And Disposal

The cylinder or any of its components must not be disposed of in domestic rubbish. The material in the cylinder, packaging and components contain recyclable materials and they should be disposed of properly and in accordance with national regulations.

## Guidance In The Event Of A Problem

If you have a problem in the first year within the warranty period, contact the plumber who fitted the unit. Thereafter contact the plumber who carries out the annual servicing for you. If your cylinder develops a leak we will supply you with a new one. We ask for a nominal upfront payment to prevent fraud and we will require the original unit to be returned to us for inspection along with a copy of your Service Log Book. If it is confirmed that it has failed within the terms of the guarantee your upfront payment will be refunded.

If a component part fails within the guarantee period, we will send you a new one without any upfront charge. Credit card details may be taken to prevent fraud. We ask you to post the faulty part back to us within one month by recorded delivery.

If you do not return the part we will charge you for it and for the postage and packing. If your part fails after the guarantee period, we will ask for upfront payment.

## Log Book

The installer must comply with all of the installation instructions contained within this installation manual. On completion of the initial installation and after each subsequent annual service the Benchmark Log Book must be completed and signed by the competent person who has worked the unit.

The purpose of Benchmark is to ensure that customers have the correct equipment for their requirements installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. The equipment must be installed by installers who have completed an accredited competent person's scheme and who install, commission and service the equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

All installations must comply with the appropriate Building Regulations and the Benchmark Log Book should be provided to the customer. The Benchmark Log Book can also be used to show that all equipment is installed in accordance with the relevant Building Regulations.

# Troubleshooting

Your stainless system is automatic in normal use and requires only annual servicing. You should employ a competent installer to perform the annual servicing. Normally this is timed to coincide with the annual boiler service.



If water is flowing from the safety valves through the tundish this indicates a fault condition and action is needed.

If this water is hot, turn the boiler and / or the immersion heater off. Do not turn off the water until the discharge runs cool. The discharge may also stop.

**CALL OUT A COMPETENT PLUMBER TO SERVICE THE UNIT.**

Tell them you have a fault on an unvented cylinder. We stock all the spare parts they may need and JOULE can be contacted via telephone numbers on back page.

Fault	Possible Cause	Solution
Water escaping from the case unit.	Compression fitting on hot - draw off not sealing.	Check / remake joint sealing paste.
Cold water at hot tops.	Immersion heater not switched on or cutout has triggered.	Check / reset.
	Indirect - Boiler not working.	Check boiler - consult boiler manufactures' instructions.
	Indirect - motorized valve fault.	Check plumbing / wiring motorized valve.
	Indirect - cutout in dual stat has operated.	Check for faults in the thermostat or high limit stat and reset.
Water discharges from expansion relief valve	If continual - pressure reducing valve (part of inlet control set) may not be operating correctly.	Check outlet pressure from inlet control set is 3 bar.
	If continual - expansion relief valve seat may be damaged.	Remove cartridge - check seat and renew if necessary.
	If intermittent - expansion vessel charge may have reduced / bladder perished.	Check pressure in expansion vessel. Recharge to 3 bar if necessary. If bladder perished replace vessel.
	Unit is being back pressurized.	With cylinder cold check pressure in cylinder. If this is the same as the incoming mains pressure then you are getting backfeed. Install a balanced cold supply.
Water discharges from temperature & pressure relief valve	Unit has overheated - thermal controls have failed.	Switched off power to boiler and immersion heaters. Leave water supply on. Wait until discharge stops. Isolate water supply and replace if faulty.
Milky / cloudy water	Oxygenated Water.	Water from any pressurized system will release oxygen bubbles when flowing. The bubbles will settle out.
No hot water flow	Cold main off.	Check and open stopcock.
	Strainer blocked in pressure reducing valve.	Isolate water supply and clean.
	Inlet control set may be fitted incorrectly.	Check and refit if required.
Noise during hot water draw off - typically worse in the morning	Loose airing cupboard pipework.	Install extra clips.
Hot or warm water from cold tap	If tap runs cold after a minute or so the pipe is picking up heat from heating pipework.	Insulate/re-route.

# Declaration of Conformity (DoC)

## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

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**We, the manufacturer:**

Joule Hot Water Systems UK Ltd.  
Unit 3, Leftfield Park,  
Park Road, Pontefract,  
West Yorkshire,  
WF8 4PS, UK

**declare under our sole responsibility that the product:**

Product Identifier: INVACYL DIRECT

Product Reference:

60L INVACYL DIR SLM, 90L INVACYL DIR STD, 90L INVACYL DIR SLM, 120L INVACYL DIR STD, 120L INVACYL DIR SLM, 150L INVACYL DIR STD, 150L INVACYL DIR SLM, 180L INVACYL DIR STD, 180L INVACYL DIR SLM, 210L INVACYL DIR STD, 210L INVACYL DIR SLM, 250L INVACYL DIR STD, 300L INVACYL DIR STD

Product Identifier: PROSTEL DIRECT

Product Reference:

90L PROSTEL DIR STD, 120L PROSTEL DIR STD, 150L PROSTEL DIR STD, 180L PROSTEL DIR STD, 210L PROSTEL DIR STD, 250L PROSTEL DIR STD, 300L PROSTEL DIR STD, 60L PROSTEL DIR SLM, 90L PROSTEL DIR SLM, 120L PROSTEL DIR SLM, 150L PROSTEL DIR SLM, 180L PROSTEL DIR SLM, 210L PROSTEL DIR SLM

Product Identifier: OPTIMUM DIRECT

Product Reference:

60L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 90L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 90L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 120L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 120L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 150L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 150L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 180L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 180L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 210L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 210L OPTIMUM DIR SLM, 250L OPTIMUM DIR STD, 300L OPTIMUM DIR STD

**to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of Directive 2009/125/EC on the Ecodesign of energy related products. The product is in conformity with the following standards and/or other normative documents:**

European Standard EN 50440:2015, Specification for Efficiency of domestic electrical storage water heaters and testing methods.

**and that the product also complies with the provisions of the following European Directives:**

Ecodesign Regulation (EU) No 814/2013 and Energy Labelling Regulation (EU) No 812/2013.

In addition, those models which can be fitted with immersion heating elements, have been designed and built according to EN60335 European Standard concerning safety in electric appliances and similar equipment and comply with 2014/35/EU European Low Voltage Directive.

Signed by the manufacturer:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ronan Ginnell", written over a horizontal line.

Name: Ronan Ginnell

Title: Director

Note: This declaration is only valid where no modifications have been made to the product and to the applicable legislation.

# DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

---



## **We, the manufacturer:**

Joule Hot Water Systems UK Ltd.  
Unit 3, Leftfield Park,  
Park Road, Pontefract,  
West Yorkshire,  
WF8 4PS, UK

## **declare under our sole responsibility that the product:**

Product Identifier: INVACYL INDIRECT

Product Reference:

60L INVACYL IND SLM, 90L INVACYL IND STD, 90L INVACYL IND SLM, 120L INVACYL IND STD, 120L INVACYL IND SLM, 150L INVACYL IND STD, 150L INVACYL IND SLM, 180L INVACYL IND STD, 180L INVACYL IND SLM, 210L INVACYL IND STD, 210L INVACYL IND SLM, 250L INVACYL IND STD, 300L INVACYL IND STD

Product Identifier: PROSTEL INDIRECT

Product Reference:

90L PROSTEL IND STD, 120L PROSTEL IND STD, 150L PROSTEL IND STD, 180L PROSTEL IND STD, 210L PROSTEL IND STD, 250L PROSTEL IND STD, 300L PROSTEL IND STD, 60L PROSTEL IND SLM, 90L PROSTEL IND SLM, 120L PROSTEL IND SLM, 150L PROSTEL IND SLM, 180L PROSTEL IND SLM, 210L PROSTEL IND SLM

Product Identifier: OPTIMUM INDIRECT

Product Reference:

90L OPTIMUM IND STD, 90L OPTIMUM IND SLM, 120L OPTIMUM IND STD, 120L OPTIMUM IND SLM, 150L OPTIMUM IND STD, 150L OPTIMUM IND SLM, 180L OPTIMUM IND STD, 180L OPTIMUM IND SLM, 210L OPTIMUM IND STD, 210L OPTIMUM IND SLM, 250L OPTIMUM IND STD, 300L OPTIMUM IND STD

**to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of Directive 2009/125/EC on the Ecodesign of energy related products. The product is in conformity with the following standards and/or other normative documents:**

European Standard EN 12897:2006, Water supply. Specification for indirectly heated unvented (closed) storage water heaters.

**and that the product also complies with the provisions of the following European Directives:**

Ecodesign Regulation (EU) No 814/2013 and Energy Labelling Regulation (EU) No 812/2013.

In addition, those models which can be fitted with immersion heating elements, have been designed and built according to EN60335 European Standard concerning safety in electric appliances and similar equipment and comply with 2014/35/EU European Low Voltage Directive.

**Signed by the manufacturer:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ronan Ginnell", written over a horizontal line.

**Name: Ronan Ginnell**

**Title: Director**

Note: This declaration is only valid where no modifications have been made to the product and to the applicable legislation.

# DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

---



**We, the manufacturer:**

Joule Hot Water Systems UK Ltd.  
Unit 3, Leftfield Park,  
Park Road, Pontefract,  
West Yorkshire,  
WF8 4PS, UK

**declare under our sole responsibility that the product:**

Product Identifier: Joule Modul-Air Unvented Cylinder

**Product Reference:**

150L MODULAIR UNVENTED CYL, 180L MODULAIR UNVENTED CYL, 210L MODULAIR UNVENTED CYL

**to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of Directive 2009/125/EC on the Ecodesign of energy related products. The product is in conformity with the following standards and/or other normative documents:**

European Standard EN 12897:2006, Water supply. Specification for indirectly heated unvented (closed) storage water heaters.

**and that the product also complies with the provisions of the following European Directives:**

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) No 813/2013 supplementing Directive 2009/125/EC, Ecodesign requirements for space heaters and combination heaters.

In addition, those models which can be fitted with immersion heating elements, have been designed and built according to EN60335 European Standard concerning safety in electric appliances and similar equipment and comply with 2014/35/EU European Low Voltage Directive.

Signed by the manufacturer:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ronan Ginnell", written over a horizontal line.

Name: Ronan Ginnell

Title: Director

Note: This declaration is only valid where no modifications have been made to the product and to the applicable legislation.

# Benchmark Checklist

## GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the storage system as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference. Failure to install and commission this equipment to the manufacturer's instructions may invalidate the warranty but does not affect statutory rights.

Customer Name \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Cylinder Make and Model \_\_\_\_\_  
Cylinder Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Commissioned by (print name) \_\_\_\_\_ Registered Operative ID Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Company Name \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone Number \_\_\_\_\_  
Company Address \_\_\_\_\_  
Commissioning Date \_\_\_\_\_

To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate\*:

Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable) \_\_\_\_\_  
**ALL SYSTEMS PRIMARY SETTINGS (indirect heating only)**  
Is the primary circuit a sealed or open vented system? Sealed ☐ Open ☐  
What is the maximum primary flow temperature? \_\_\_\_\_ °C

### ALL SYSTEMS

What is the incoming static cold water pressure at the inlet to the system? \_\_\_\_\_ bar  
Has a strainer been cleaned of installation debris (if fitted)? Yes ☐ No ☐  
Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200oom)? Yes ☐ No ☐  
If yes, has a water scale reducer been fitted? Yes ☐ No ☐  
What type of scale reducer has been fitted? \_\_\_\_\_  
What is the hot water thermostat set temperature? \_\_\_\_\_ °C  
What is the maximum hot water flow rate at set thermostat temperature (measured at high flow outlet)? \_\_\_\_\_ l/min  
Time and temperature controls have been fitted in compliance with Part L of the Building Regulations? Yes ☐  
Type of control system (if applicable) Y Plan ☐ S Plan ☐ Other ☐  
Is the cylinder solar (or other renewable) compatible? Yes ☐ No ☐  
What is the hot water temperature at the nearest outlet? \_\_\_\_\_ °C  
All appropriate pipes have been insulated up to 1 metre or the point where they become concealed Yes ☐



### UNVENTED SYSTEMS ONLY

Where is the pressure reducing valve situated (if fitted)?

What is the pressure reducing valve setting? bar

Has a combined temperature and pressure relief valve and expansion valve been fitted and discharge tested? Yes ☐ No ☐

The tundish and discharge pipework have been connected and terminated to Part G of the Building Regulations Yes ☐

Are all energy sources fitted with a cut out device? Yes ☐ No ☐

Has the expansion vessel or internal air space been checked? Yes ☐ No ☐

### THERMAL STORES ONLY

What store temperature is achievable?

°C

What is the maximum primary flow temperature?

°C

### ALL INSTALLATIONS

The hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations

Yes ☐

The system has been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions

Yes ☐

The system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer

Yes ☐

The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer

Yes ☐

Commissioning Engineer's Signature

Customer's Signature

(To confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's literature)

\*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.

Viessmann - 5366822



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# Service Record

It is recommended that your hot water system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Record's completed.

**Service Provider**

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

Service 1

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 2

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 3

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 4

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 5

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 6

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 7

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 8

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 9

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

Service 10

Date

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone No

Comments

Signature

## Notes

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

## JOULE IE

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fax +48 (0) 814709046

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