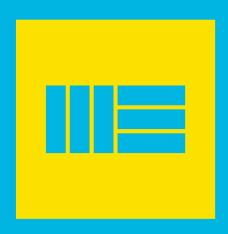
## FINANCIAL VIABILITY ASSESSMENT

NORTHWOOD & PINNER COTTAGE HOSPITAL
PINNER ROAD
LONDON
HA6 1DE

23RD MARCH 2021



#### CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	4
INTRODUCTION & APPROACH	6
EXISTING PROPERTY	8
DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS	10
PLANNING CONTEXT	12
BENCHMARK LAND VALUE	15
VIABILITY APPRAISAL ASSUMPTIONS	17
VIABILITY RESULTS & CONCLUSIONS	21

#### **APPENDICES**

- **1 EXISTING HEALTH CENTRE FLOOR PLANS**
- 2 PROPOSED PLANS AND ACCOMMODATION SCHEDULE
- **3 HEALTH CENTRE CONSTRUCTION COSTS**
- **4 RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION COSTS**
- **5 APPRAISAL**

## 01 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

- This report constitutes a Financial Viability Assessment (FVA) in accordance with planning policy and has been prepared by Montagu Evans LLP on behalf of NHS Property Services and NHS Hillingdon CCG (hereafter the Applicant) to support an application for planning permission on the site known as Northwood & Pinner Cottage Hospital, Pinner Road, HA6 1DE (the Site) in the London Borough of Hillingdon (hereafter LBH).
- 2. The Site currently accommodates two buildings: Northwood Health Centre and the Pinner Cottage Hospital. Pinner Cottage Hospital is currently largely vacant. Northwood Health Centre, although currently fully occupied and operational, is reaching the end of its serviceable life and is becoming unfit for purpose. A new health centre is required to service the needs of the local community.
- 3. The planning application seeks permission for:

"Partial demolition, refurbishment and extension of the existing Cottage Hospital to provide a state of the art health centre and the comprehensive redevelopment of the remaining Site to provide residential (use class C3) accommodation and ancillary works including car parking, cycle parking, landscaping and associated works (phased)."

- 4. In the absence of other funding sources, the Applicant is reliant on the residential element of development proposals to cross-fund the provision of the new health centre. This is therefore an 'enabling development' scenario, with the residential apartments enabling the delivery of the new health centre.
- 5. Montagu Evans have been instructed by the Applicant to carry out a Financial Viability Assessment (FVA) to assess whether the land receipt from the disposal of the residential element would be sufficient to enable the delivery of the new health centre, and whether there is any land receipt surplus over and above the delivery costs of the health centre which could contribute towards affordable housing.
- 6. In order to achieve this, we have carried out a residual appraisal of the residential element of proposals in isolation, and have compared the output of this appraisal with the delivery cost of the new health centre, which in this instance represents the Benchmark Land Value.
- 7. This report has been prepared by Will Seamer, BA MSc MRICS, RICS Registered Valuer, who is a viability specialist and Partner of Montagu Evans LLP.
- 8. At the present time we do not consider the land receipt generated by even a 100% private iteration of the residential element to be sufficient to fully fund the delivery of the new health centre. However we have carried out a sensitivity analysis to show that, in a competitive bidding scenario for the residential site, potential purchasers may make more bullish assumptions than our own, which would increase the price they could pay for the land to a level sufficient to enable delivery of the health centre. However even this scenario assumes that the 70 residential units would all be for private sale. Introducing affordable housing into the scheme would further depress viability and may threaten delivery of the health centre.

## 02 INTRODUCTION & APPROACH

#### **INTRODUCTION & APPROACH**

- 1 We set out below our Financial Viability Assessment (FVA) which has been prepared on behalf of the Applicant in support of the planning application.
- 2 The report has been prepared in accordance with RICS valuation guidance and with regard to relevant guidance on preparing FVAs for planning purposes. However, it is not a 'Red Book' valuation and should not be relied upon as such.
- 3 In undertaking the FVA we have acted:
  - With objectivity;
  - Impartially;
  - · Without interference; and
  - With reference to all appropriate available sources of information.
- 4 We are not aware of any conflicts of interest and can confirm that no performance related or contingent fees have been agreed.
- 5 For planning purposes, viability is assessed by comparing the residual land value generated by the proposed development with an appropriate Benchmark Land Value (BLV).
- 6 The residual land value of the proposed development is arrived at by summing the revenues derived from the development and deducting from these the costs of development (including an appropriate profit allowance).
- 7 There are a number of different approaches adopted in order to reach an acceptable BLV depending on site specific factors. In this instance, the BLV is the cost of delivering the new health centre. If the residual land value generated by the residential element of proposals is equal to the health centre delivery costs, then the scheme is viable and the health centre is deliverable. If the residual land value is higher than the delivery costs, the scheme is viable and there is surplus available to fund affordable housing. If the residual land value is lower than the health centre delivery costs, then the scheme is not viable and the health centre would not be deliverable.

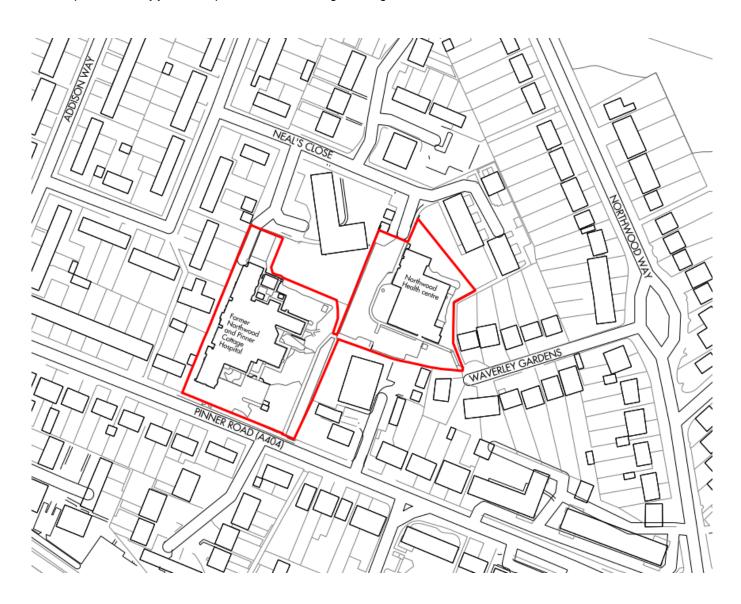


8 The residual land value of the proposed development has been modelled using the industry recognised Argus Developer software. This report will provide a summary of the development proposals and set out the assumptions and evidence used to undertake the residual appraisal. The results of the residual appraisal will then be compared with the BLV and conclusions will be provided.

# 03 EXISTING PROPERTY

#### **EXISTING PROPERTY**

- 1 The site, outlined in red below, is approximately 1.00 hectares (2.47 acres) and is situated to the north of Pinner Road circa 0.30 miles north west of Northwood Hills Underground Station (Metropolitan Line).
- 2 The Site currently accommodates two existing buildings:
  - ) The Northwood Health Centre (GIA 10,344 sq ft), a single storey brick built building dating from the 1980s. Although currently fully occupied and operational, the existing health centre is reaching the end of its serviceable life and is becoming unfit for purpose. A new health centre is required to service the needs of the local community.
  - ii) The Pinner Cottage Hospital, (GIA 21,783 sq ft), a Locally Listed two storey building dating from 1924. The Cottage Hospital is currently largely vacant but is part occupied by the London Ambulance Service
- 3 We provide as **Appendix 1** plans for the existing buildings.



## 04 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS

#### **DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS**

#### 1 The proposals are for:

- Demolition of existing Health Centre, to be replaced by two blocks of new build residential apartments, each over ground and three upper storeys, collectively providing 70 units with associated car and cycle parking.
- ii) Partial demolition of the Cottage Hospital, with extension and refurbishment of remaining elements to provide a new health centre of 1,473 m2 GIA.

It is hoped that the receipt from the sale of the consented residential element will enable the delivery of the new health centre.

- 2 The proposed residential unit mix is 31 x 1-beds (44%), 34 x 2-beds (49%) and 5 x 3-beds (7%). There are to be 69 car parking spaces and 111 cycle parking spaces.
- 3 We provide a full set of plans and residential accommodation schedule as Appendix 2.

# 05 PLANNING CONTEXT

#### PLANNING CONTEXT

#### **NATIONAL PLANNING POLICY**

- 1 A central aspect of the NPPF is the promotion of healthy communities. Paragraph 92 stipulates that planning decisions should plan for local services that enhance the sustainability of communities and residential environments.
- 2 Paragraph 34 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) confirms that the contributions expected from development, including the levels and types of affordable housing provision, should not undermine the deliverability of the relevant plan.
- 3 Paragraph 56 confirms that planning obligations should only be sought where they are:
  - necessary to make the development acceptable in planning terms;
  - directly related to the development; and
  - fairly and reasonably related in scale and kind to the development.
- 4 Paragraph 57 goes on to state:

"Where up-to-date policies have set out the contributions expected from development, planning applications that comply with them should be assumed to be viable. It is up to the applicant to demonstrate whether particular circumstances justify the need for a viability assessment at the application stage. The weight to be given to a viability assessment is a matter for the decision maker, having regard to all the circumstances in the case, including whether the plan and the viability evidence underpinning it is up to date, and any change in site circumstances since the plan was brought into force. All viability assessments, including any undertaken at the plan-making stage, should reflect the recommended approach in national planning guidance, including standardised inputs, and should be made publicly available."

5 Paragraph 122 underlines how planning policies and decisions should support development that makes efficient use of land, "taking into account local market conditions and viability". Key in this instance is the significant cost of delivering the new health centre, and the absence of other external funding sources to deliver it.

#### **LOCAL PLANNING POLICY (LONDON)**

- 6 London Plan (March 2021) Policy S2 (Health and social care facilities) states that "development proposals that support the provision of high-quality new and enhanced facilities to meet identified need and new models of care should be supported".
- 7 The London Plan states at Policy 3.11 that boroughs should set an overall target for the amount of affordable housing provision in their area based on an assessment of all housing needs and a realistic assessment of supply.
- 4 The London Plan requires that affordable housing is provided on sites which have capacity to provide 10 or more homes.

- 5 London Plan Policy H4 sets a strategic target for 50% of all new homes delivered across London to be genuinely affordable. All schemes are expected to maximise the delivery of affordable housing and to make the most efficient use of available resources.
- 6 Policy H5 of the London Plan details the Threshold Approach to viability. Applications on which provide 35% affordable housing by habitable room (or 50% by habitable room on public land or on industrial land where there is no net loss), and meet the relevant tenure split set out in Policy H6 (30% low cost rent, 30% intermediate, 40% to be determined by the borough) can follow the Fast Track Route. This means they need not provide a viability assessment at the application stage. The Mayor of London's *Affordable Housing and Viability Supplementary Planning Guidance* (SPG) (August 2017) provides further support to the Threshold Approach.
- 7 Applications that do not meet the requirements of the Fast Track Route must follow the Viability Tested Route meaning a viability submission is required to support the application.

#### LOCAL PLANNING POLICY (LB HILLINGDON)

- 8 At a local level, Policy H2 (Affordable Housing) of the Local Plan Part 1 states that housing provision is expected to include a range of housing to meet the needs of all types of households and the Council will seek to maximise the delivery of affordable housing from all sites over the period of the Hillingdon Local Plan Part 1. For all sites with a capacity of 10 or more units, the Council will seek to ensure that the affordable housing mix reflect housing needs in the Borough, particularly the need for larger family units.
- 9 Furthermore Policy DMH 7 (Provision of Affordable Housing) of the Local Plan Part 2 states that on all sites capable of delivering 10 or more units will be required to maximise the delivery of on-site affordable housing. Subject to viability and if appropriate in all circumstances, a minimum of 30% of all new homes on sites of 10 or more units should be delivered as affordable housing. This should include a tenure split of 70% Social/Affordable Rent and 30% Intermediate.

# 06 BENCHMARK LAND VALUE

#### **BENCHMARK LAND VALUE**

- 1 This is an enabling development whereby the land receipt generated from the future sale of the consented residential element is required to fund the delivery of the new health centre.
- 2 The cost of delivering the new health centre within the former Cottage Hospital has been estimated by Gardiner & Theobald, at £3,410,000. We provide the cost estimate as **Appendix 3**, and summarise it below. These figures include prelims, overheads & profit and contingency, but exclude professional fees.

NEW HEALTH CENTRE	
Demolition & Enabling Works	£99,151
Base Build	£2,668,056
External Works & Public Realm	£639,330
Total	£3,410,000

- 3 We have allowed for a market standard professional fee budget of 10.00% of construction costs for the new health centre, taking the total delivery costs to £3,751,000. A figure of £3,751,000 represents the tipping point for the delivery of the new health centre. If the land receipt from the sale of the residential portion of the site (i.e. the residual land value generated by the proposed 70 apartments) is below £3,751,000, this may render the new health centre undeliverable. However a residential residual land value of £3,751,000 or above would ensure delivery of the new health centre, potentially with the ability to deliver affordable housing within the proposed 70 residential units.
- 4 A figure of £3,751,000 is therefore represents the Benchmark Land Value (BLV) in this instance. The residual land value generated by the residential element of proposals in isolation must be compared with this BLV in order to assess overall viability.

# VIABILITY APPRAISAL ASSUMPTIONS

#### VIABILITY APPRAISAL ASSUMPTIONS

#### **DEVELOPMENT REVENUES**

#### PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL VALUES

1 We have considered achieved sales prices for new build schemes in the local area when pricing the proposals. There is a death of recent new build schemes in close proximity to the subject Site. However we consider Silverwood on Rickmansworth Road circa 0.7 miles north west of the subject Site (HA6 2QG) to be very relevant. This 24-unit new build flatted scheme was delivered by Howarth Homes. Practical completion occurred in Q1 2019 and the scheme sold out during Q3 2020. We summarise below the achieved sales prices.

Unit	Unit Type	NSA sq ft	<b>Price Paid</b>	Price psf	Sale date
FLAT 20	1-bed	635	£360,000	£567	29/08/2019
FLAT 21	1-bed	700	£385,000	£550	20/11/2019
FLAT 2	1-bed	549	£390,000	£710	19/03/2020
FLAT 11	1-bed	646	£444,995	£689	11/04/2019
FLAT 12	1-bed	689	£450,000	£653	17/09/2019
FLAT 19	1-bed	646	£460,000	£712	12/04/2019
1-bed	l Average	644	£414,999	£644	
FLAT 5	2-bed	689	£474,995	£689	12/03/2019
FLAT 3	2-bed	721	£485,000	£673	11/04/2019
FLAT 6	2-bed	861	£495,000	£575	28/11/2019
FLAT 1	2-bed	775	£499,995	£645	11/04/2019
FLAT 22	2-bed	936	£510,000	£545	27/09/2019
FLAT 10	2-bed	850	£524,995	£618	12/04/2019
FLAT 17	2-bed	861	£534,995	£621	17/05/2019
FLAT 14	2-bed	818	£539,995	£660	12/04/2019
FLAT 13	2-bed	818	£540,000	£660	20/12/2019
FLAT 24	2-bed	883	£549,995	£623	12/04/2019
FLAT 7	2-bed	861	£554,995	£645	11/04/2019
FLAT 9	2-bed	969	£599,995	£619	12/07/2019
FLAT 23	2-bed	1,076	£599,995	£558	03/02/2020
2-bed	l Average	855	£531,535	£622	
FLAT 4	3-bed	1,163	£713,000	£613	15/11/2019
FLAT 16	3-bed	1,378	£737,230	£535	12/04/2019
FLAT 8	3-bed	1,378	£799,995	£581	12/04/2019
3-bed	l Average	1,306	£750,075	£574	
OVERAL	L AVERAGE	859	£529,553	£616	

- 2 Further afield at 107 Marsh Road (HA5 5PA) circa 2 miles to the south east of the subject Site is Riverside Place. This is a 28 unit office to residential conversion scheme carried out under Permitted Development Rights. The scheme complete in 2016. We are aware of two recent resales within the scheme. In October 2020 a 689 sq ft 2-bed unit sold for £470,000 (£682 per sq ft). In October 2019 a 592 sq ft 1-bed unit sold for £375,000 (£633 per sq ft). We consider this to be a superior location closer to central London and to transport links.
- 3 Based on the above data, we have at this stage applied a value of £650 per sq ft to the residential units.

#### **GROUND RENTS**

In order to qualify for Help to Buy Phase 2, which comes live in April 2021, freeholders are prevented from charging ground rents to occupiers. The proposed scheme will rely very heavily on Help to Buy 2, which will underpin sales values and sales rates as it has done for many similar schemes in similar value areas of London. All of the units in the proposed scheme will qualify for Help to Buy, since they are all priced at £600,000 or below. Therefore no ground rents will be chargeable at this scheme, and no such income has been included in our appraisal. We note that our adopted sales values of £650 per sq ft reflect the lack of ground rent income, i.e. they assume a share of freehold.

#### **DEVEPOPMENT COSTS**

#### **CONSTRUCTION COSTS**

We have been provided with a residential construction cost plan by quantity surveyors Gardiner & Theobald. The cost plan (attached as **Appendix 4**) attributes base build costs (including preliminaries, overheads & profit and contingencies) of £20,190,000 which we have included in our appraisal.

#### **PROFESSIONAL FEES**

The Gardiner & Theobald cost estimate excludes professional fees so we have allowed for a 10.00% budget in our appraisal.

#### **MARKETING & DISPOSAL FEES**

- 7 We have allowed for marketing costs of 1.00% of residential GDV.
- 8 Sales agent and legal fees have been included at 1.50% and 0.25% of residential GDV respectively.

#### **COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE LEVY (CIL) AND S106**

- 9 We have been advised to include the following estimated CIL contributions in our appraisal:
  - Mayoral CIL 2: £161,887
  - LBH CIL: £611,828
- 10 S106 financial contributions have been included at £2,000 per unit.

#### **DEVELOPER'S RETURN**

- 11 Market uncertainty remains high as the Covid-19 pandemic continues to unfold. Current levels of risk are therefore elevated, and are unlikely to subside for many months or longer. Consequently, developers, funders and investors are seeking higher returns to insulate against these risks. Indeed many are choosing not to invest or proceed with development at all at the present time, regardless of estimated returns.
- 12 Within the Viability Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) for the NPPF it states that "an assumption of 15-20% of gross development value (GDV) may be considered a suitable return to developers". Current market conditions justify profit levels at the upper end of the range outlined in the PPG. There are a number of independent viability assessors representing Councils that are currently adopting a margin of 20.00% on GDV. Indeed there is an

- argument that current unprecedented market conditions as a result of the pandemic would justify a profit margin above the range in the NPPF.
- Despite the above, we have at this stage adopted a margin of 17.50% on residential GDV, in the middle of the PPG range. This is on a without prejudice basis and we reserve the right to revisit this in due course.

#### **FINANCE**

14 Costs have been financed over the development period at a combined finance rate of 6.50%. We consider this bullish given the current development debt market.

#### **DEVELOPMENT TIMESCALES**

- 15 We have adopted the following timescales (for the residential element in isolation).
  - Pre-construction period (to account for discharge of planning conditions and demolition) 6 months;
  - Construction period 18 months;
  - Sales period 9 months (with 50% of residential units sold off plan, equating to post-completion sales rate of 4 units per month).
- 16 In particular we consider our sales rate assumption to be bullish in the current climate, and we reserve the right to revisit this.

# VIABILITY RESULTS & CONCLUSIONS

#### **VIABILITY RESULTS & CONCLUSIONS**

- 1 We attach the viability appraisal at **Appendix 5.** The residual land value generated by the proposed 70 residential apartments, on the assumption that they are all delivered for private sale, is £780,759. This is circa £2,970,000 below the Benchmark Land Value of £3,751,000. Our current viability modelling therefore shows that the proposed residential apartments would not be able to fully fund the healthcare element, even if they were delivered as 100% private housing.
- 2 For viability testing purposes our assumptions must reflect current day values and costs. However, under competitive tension, bidders for the residential portion of the Site may make more bullish assumptions than our own. For example they might assume growth in residential sales values, or a degree of value engineering of build costs. To illustrate the potential impact of this we have carried out a sensitivity analysis. Were sales values to increase by 7.50% and construction costs to decrease by 7.50% compared to the levels assumed in this report, the residual land value generated by the residential element would increase to a level broadly in line with the benchmark land value. On this basis the residential element of the proposals could wholly fund the new health centre. However this would only be on the basis of all 70 units being for private sale.

Will Seamer MRICS

Will geomy

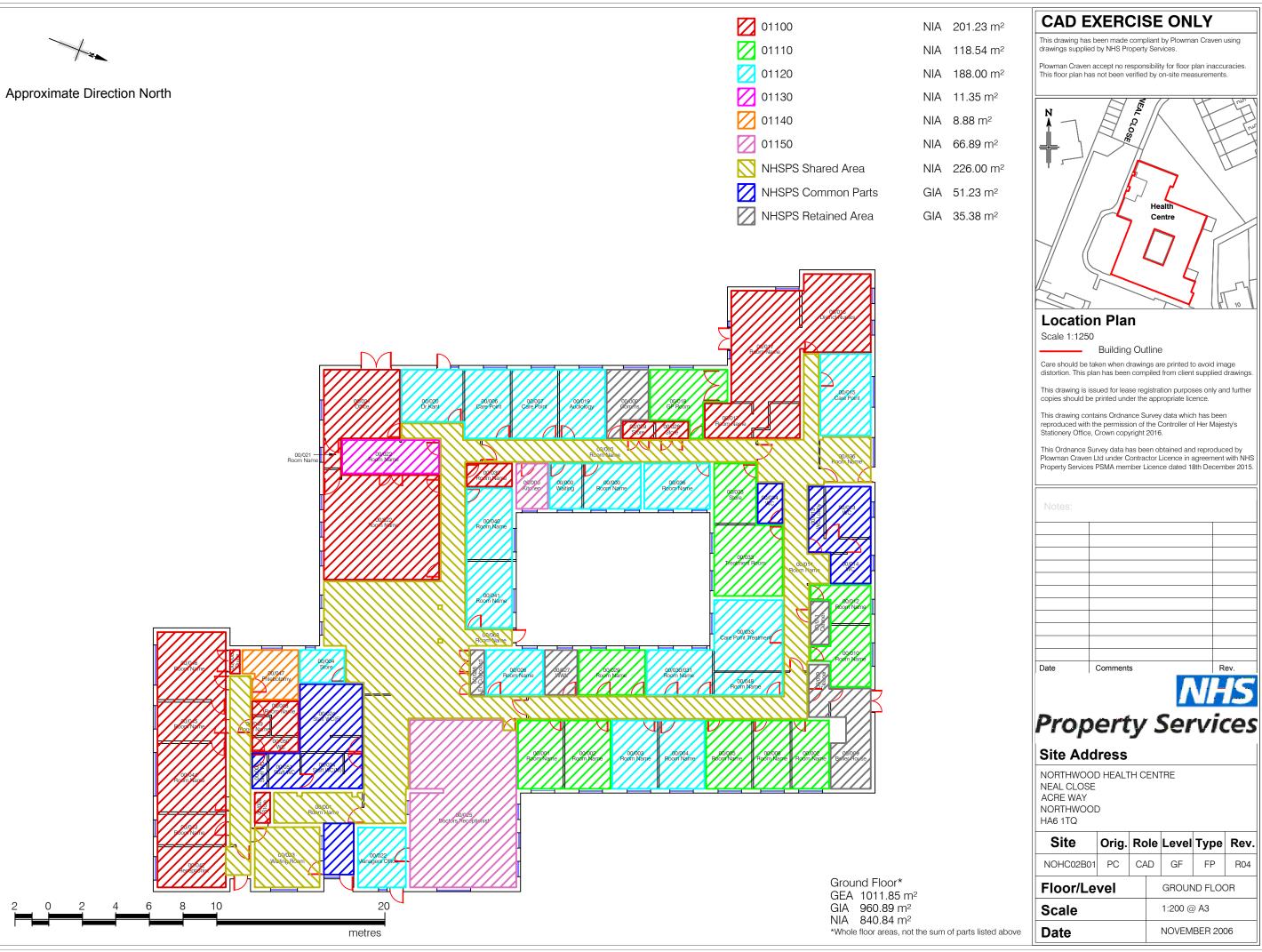
**Partner** 

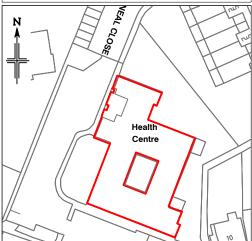
Montagu Evans LLP

D: 020 7312 7438

E: WILL.SEAMER@MONTAGU-EVANS.CO.UK

# APPENDIX 01 EXISTING HEALTH CENTRE FLOORPLANS





Care should be taken when drawings are printed to avoid image

This drawing is issued for lease registration purposes only and further

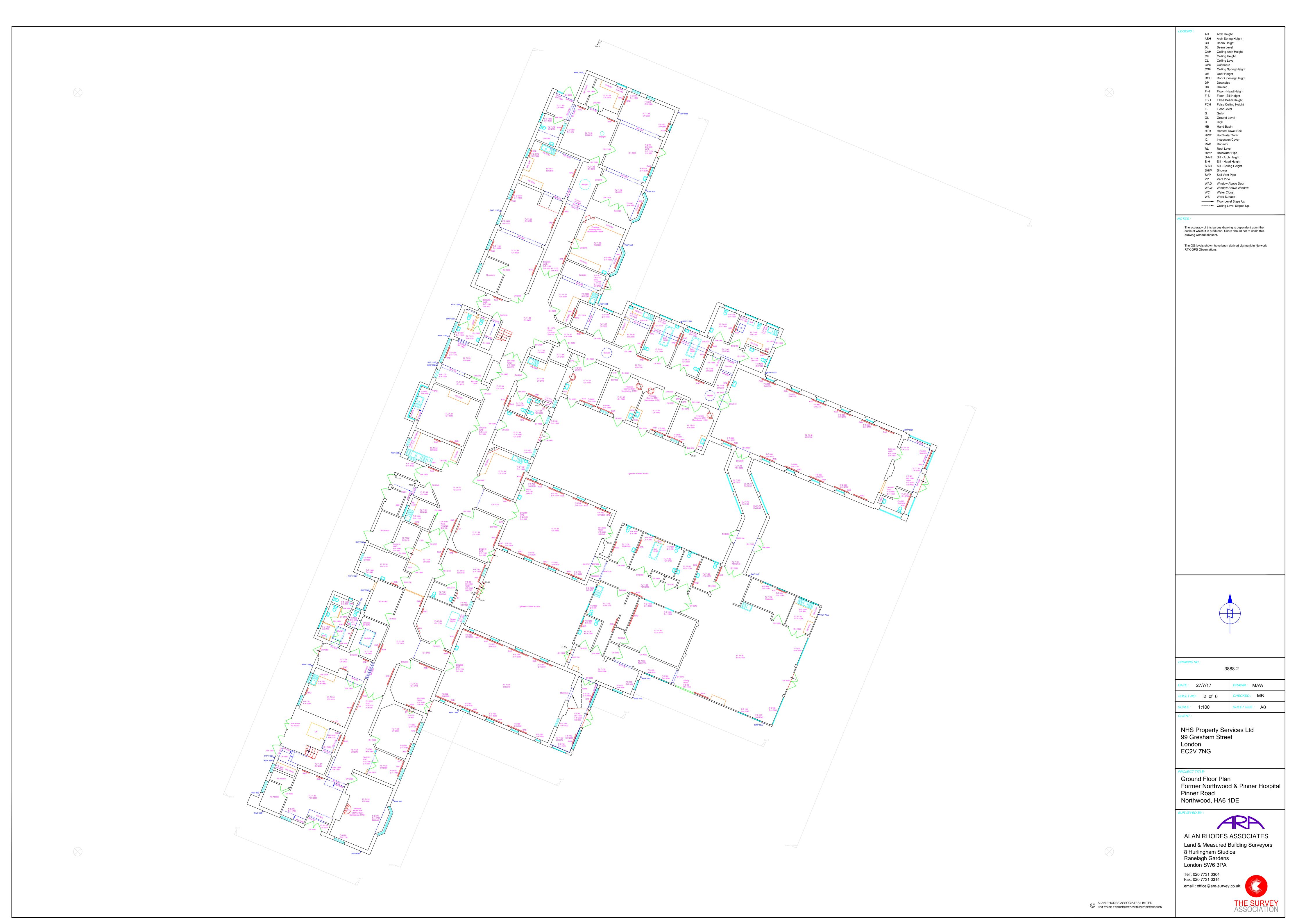
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Notes:		
Date	Comments	Rev.

Site	Orig.	Role	Level	Type	Rev.
NOHC02B01	PC	CAD	GF	FP	R04

Floor/Level	GROUND FLOOR
Scale	1:200 @ A3
Date	NOVEMBER 2006



AH Arch Height ASH Arch Spring Height BL Beam Level CAH Ceiling Arch Height CH Ceiling Height CH Ceiling Height

CL Ceiling Level

CPD Cupboard

CSH Ceiling Spring Height

DH Door Height

DOH Door Opening Height

DP Downpipe

DR Drainer F-H Floor - Head Height F-S Floor - Sill Height FBH False Beam Height FCH False Ceiling Height FL Floor Level G Gully GL Ground Level HB Hand Basin HTR Heated Towel Rail HWT Hot Water Tank IC Inspection Cover RAD Radiator RAD Radiator

RL Roof Level

RWP Rainwater Pipe

S-AH Sill - Arch Height

S-H Sill - Head Height

S-SH Sill - Spring Height

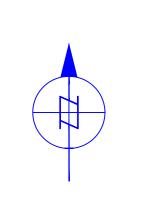
SHW Shower

SVP Soil Vent Pipe VP Vent Pipe WAD Window Above Door
WAW Window Above Window
WC Water Closet
WS Work Surface

The accuracy of this survey drawing is dependent upon the scale at which it is produced. Users should not re-scale this drawing without consent.

Floor Level Steps Up
Ceiling Level Slopes Up

The OS levels shown have been derived via multiple Network RTK GPS Observations.



DATE: 27/7/17	DRAWN: MAW
SHEET NO: 3 (	of 6 CHECKED: MB
SCALE: 1:100	SHEET SIZE: A0
CLIENT:	

NHS Property Services Ltd 99 Gresham Street London EC2V 7NG

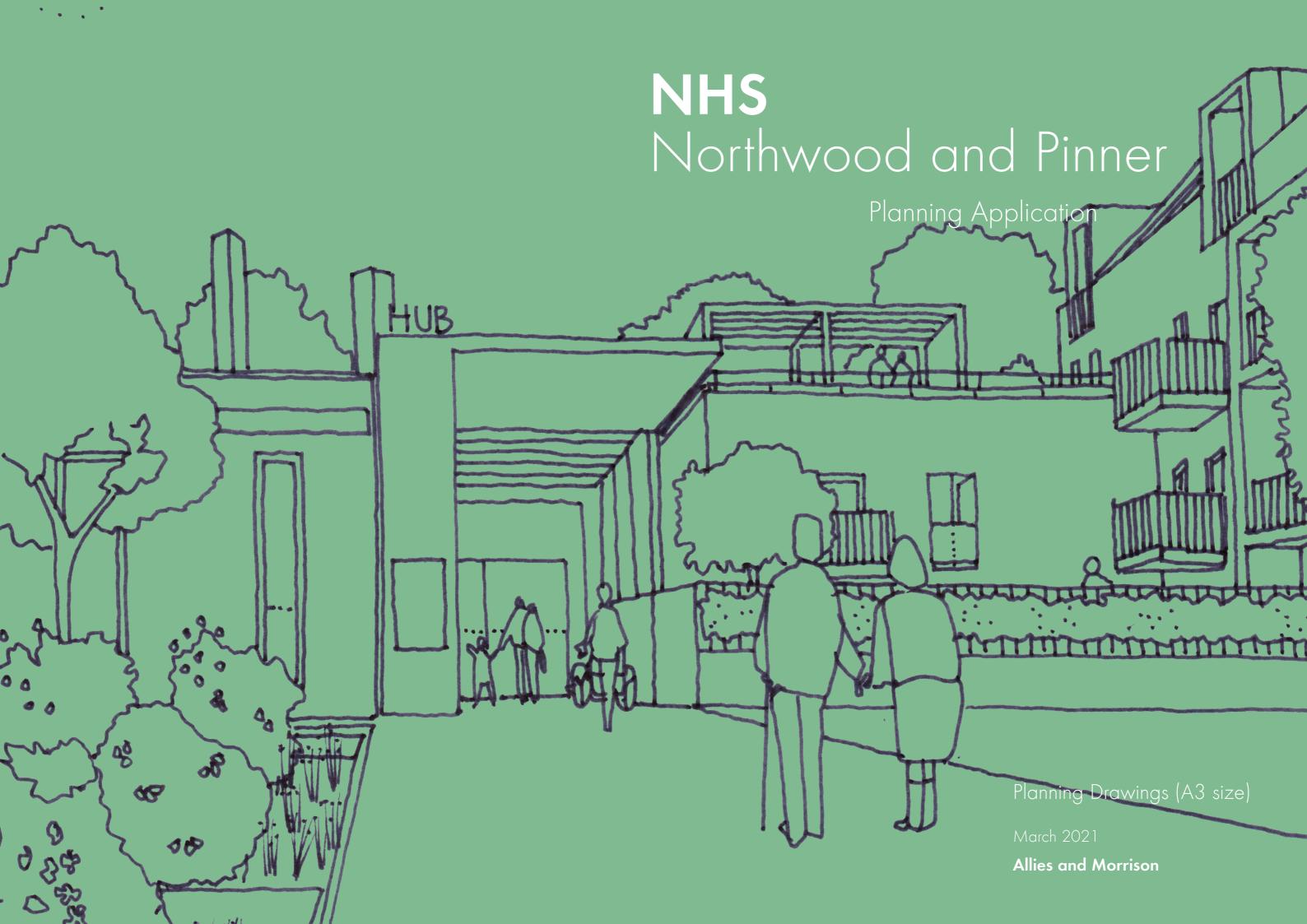
First Floor Plan
Former Northwood & Pinner Hospita
Pinner Road
Northwood, HA6 1DE

ALAN RHODES ASSOCIATES Land & Measured Building Surveyors 8 Hurlingham Studios Ranelagh Gardens London SW6 3PA

Tel: 020 7731 0304 Fax: 020 7731 0314 email: office@ara-survey.co.uk



## APPENDIX 02 PROPOSED PLANS & AREA SCHEDULE

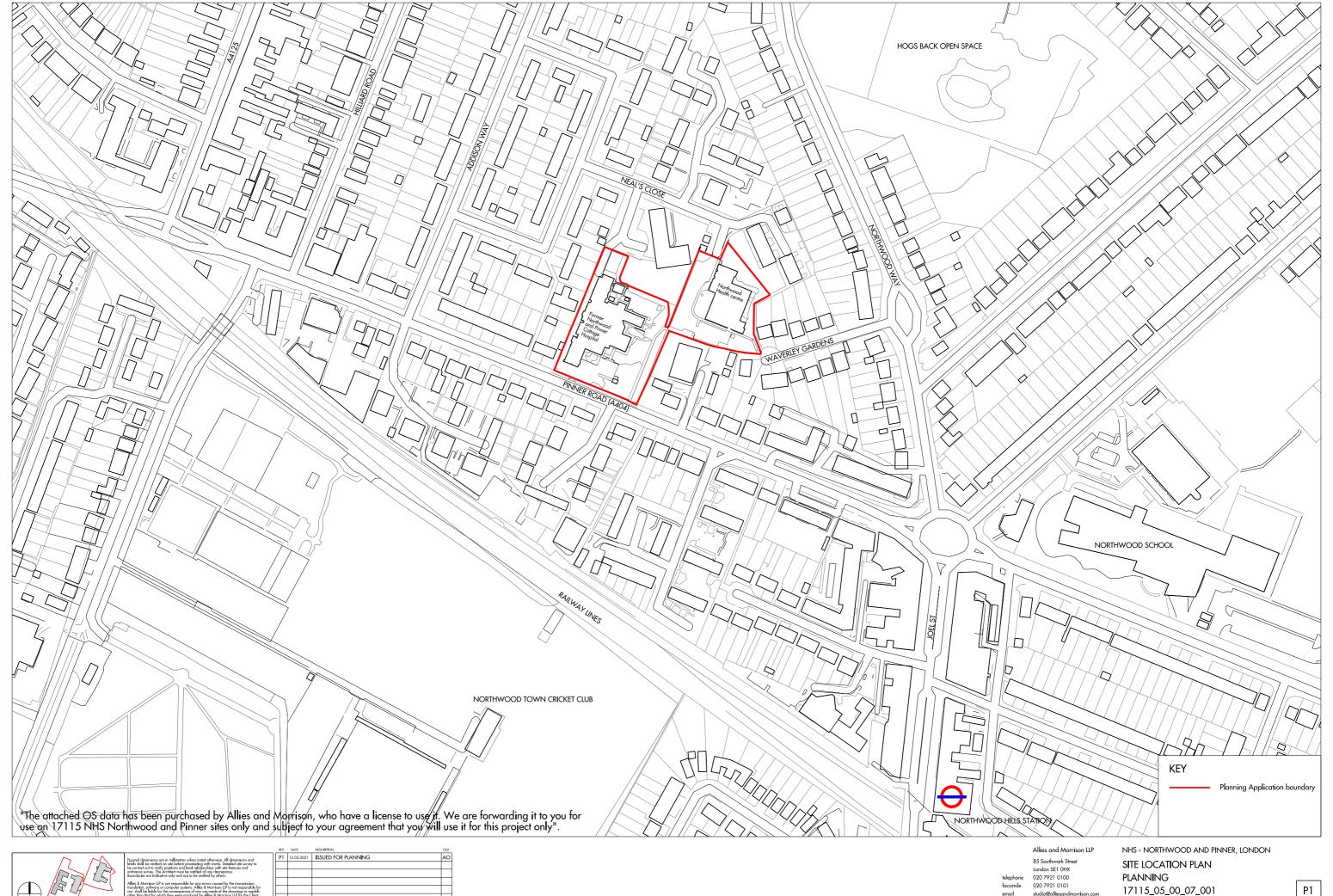


Drawing number	Drawing title	scale	size
Site			
17115-05_00_07_001	Site Location Plan	1:1250	@A1
17115-05_00_07_002	Site Boundary	1:500	
Existing	,		
17115-05_00_07_010	Existing Site: Ground floor plan	1:250	@A1
17115-05_00_07_011	Existing Site: First floor plan	1:250	
17115-05_00_07_020	Existing Sitewide Elevations	1:250	@A1
17115-05_00_07_021	Existing Cottage Hospital Elevations - Sheet 1	1:100	@A1
17115-05_00_07_022	Existing Cottage Hospital Elevations - Sheet 2	1:100	@A1
Proposed			
Sitewide			
17115-05_00_07_051	Proposed Site wide Access and Routes	1:500	@A1
17115-05_00_07_052	Proposed Site wide Emergency Services access	1:500	
17115-05_00_07_053	Proposed Site wide Parking Strategy	1:500	
17115-05_00_07_054	Proposed Site wide: Refuse Strategy	1.000	0, 11
17115-05_00_07_100	Proposed Level 00 Sitewide plan	1:250	@A1
17115-05_00_07_104	Proposed Roof Level Sitewide plan	1:250	
17115-05_00_07_200	Proposed Sitewide Elevations	1:250	
Plans	Troposed enormal Electronic	1.200	
17115-05_HC_07_100	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Level 00 plan	1:100	@A1
17115-05_HC_07_101	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Level 01 plan	1:100	-
17115-05_HC_07_102	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Roof plan	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_100	Block A Residential: Proposed Level 00 plan	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_101	Block A Residential: Proposed Level 01 plan	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_102	Block A Residential: Proposed Level 02 plan	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_103	Block A Residential: Proposed Level 03 plan	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_104	Block A Residential: Proposed Roof plan	1:100	
17115-05_B_07_100	Block B Residential: Proposed Level 00 plan	1:100	-
17115-05_B_07_101	Block B Residential: Proposed Level 01 plan	1:100	_
17115-05_B_07_102	Block B Residential: Proposed Level 02 plan	1:100	
17115-05_B_07_103	Block B Residential: Proposed Level 03 plan	1:100	
17115-05_B_07_104	Block B Residential: Proposed Roof plan	1:100	
Elevations	Block B Residential. Proposed Resil plan	1.100	C/ (1
17115-05_HC_07_200	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Elevations sheet 1	1:100	@A1
17115-05_HC_07_201	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Elevations sheet 2	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_200	Block A Residential: Proposed Elevations sheet 1	1:100	
17115-05_A_07_201	Block A Residential: Proposed Elevations sheet 2	1:100	
17115-05_B_07_200	Block B Residential: Proposed Elevations sheet 1	1:100	-
17115-05_B_07_201	Block B Residential: Proposed Elevations sheet 2	1:100	
Sections	Block B Residential. Proposed Elevations street 2	1.100	C/ (1
17115-05_HC_07_300	Healthcare Centre: Proposed Sections	1:100	@A1
17115-05_A_07_300	Block A Residential : Proposed Sections	1:100	
17115-05_B_07_300	Block B Residentia: Proposed Sections	1:100	
Bay Studies	Block B Residentia. Proposed Sections	1.100	e/ti
17115-05_HC_07_400	Healthcare Centre: West elevation infill Bay Study	1.25	@A1
17115-05_HC_07_401	Healthcare Centre: New extension Bay Study		@A1
17115-05_HC_07_401	Healthcare Centre: Entrance Canopy Bay Study		@A1
17115-05_00_07_400	Block A & B: East / West elevation Bay Study		@A1
17115-05_00_07_400	Block A & B: Edst / Vvest elevation Bay Study  Block A & B: North / South elevation Bay Study		@A1
17115-05_00_07_401	Block A & B: Porches & Bays Bay Study		@A2
Landscape	BIOCK A & B. I Oldies & Days Day Slouy	1.50	₩/AZ
SY619-100-001	Proposed Landscape Plan	1:250	@ A 1
	Proposed Landscape Plan		
SY619-100-002	Response to existing Trees Plan	1:500	
SY619-100-003	Proposed Tree Planing Plan	1:500	@A1

#### Table 1 Planning drawing list

Note:
Building / code
Site wide / 00
Healthcare Centre / HC
Block A Residential / A
Block B Residential / B

### 1 SITE



P1 Revision

SCALE 1:1250 @A1 1:2500@A3

A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05



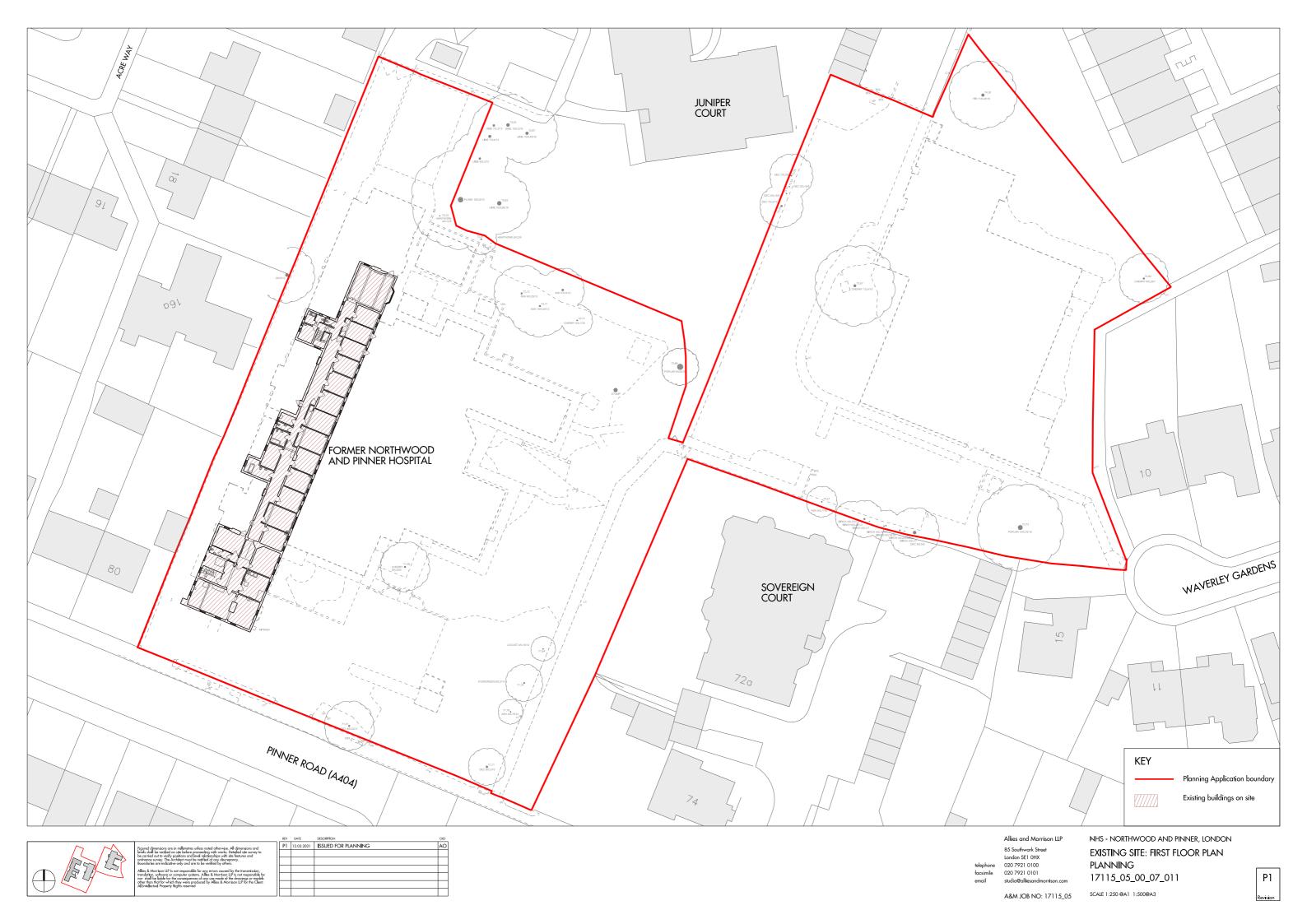
17115\_05\_00\_07\_002

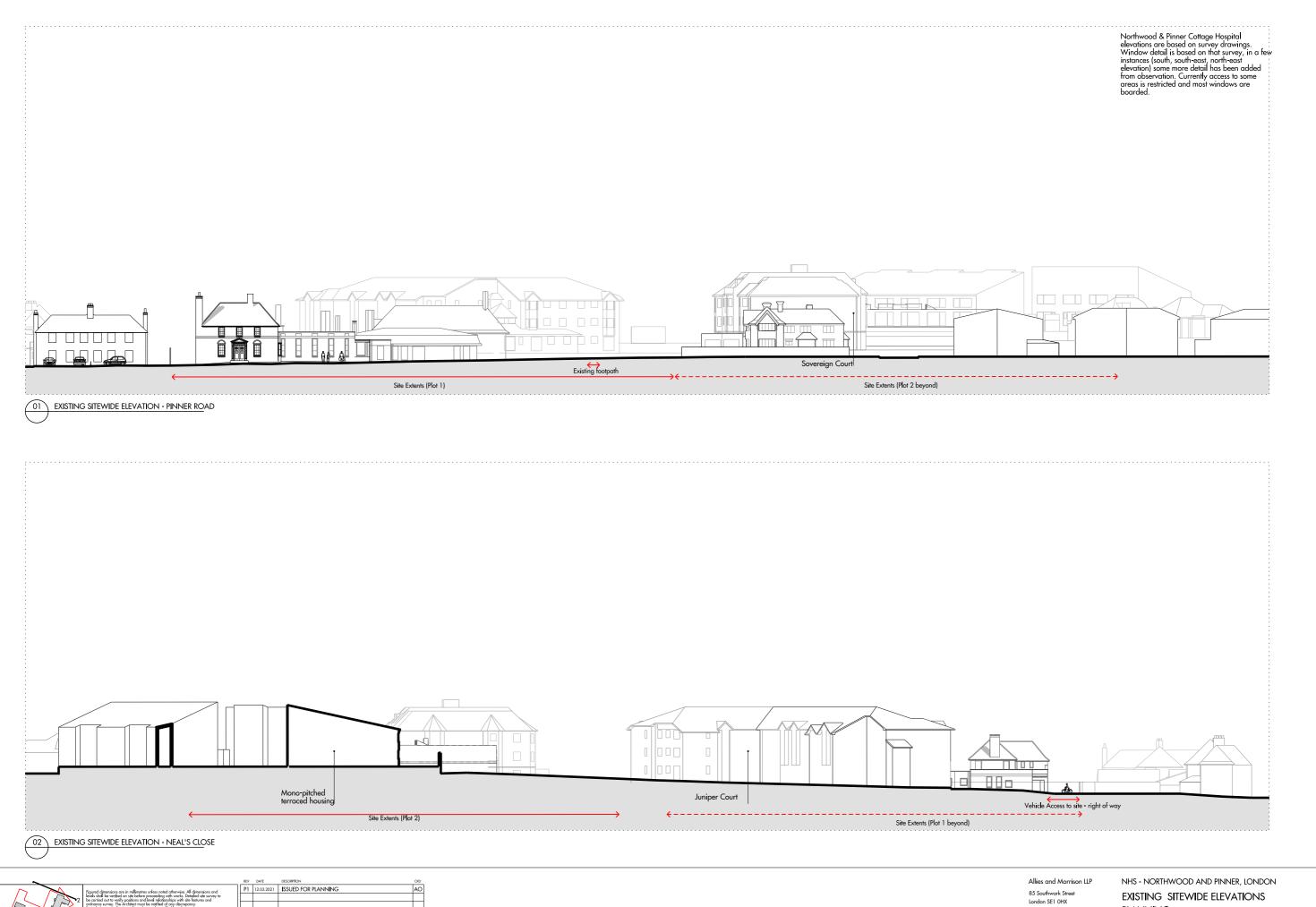
A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05 SCALE 1:500 @A1 1:1000@A3



### 2 EXISTING







85 Southwark Street London SE1 0HX 020 7921 0100 020 7921 0101

A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05

PLANNING 17115\_05\_00\_07\_200

SCALE 1:250 @A1 1:500@A3



85 Southwark Street London SE1 0HX 020 7921 0100 020 7921 0101

A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05

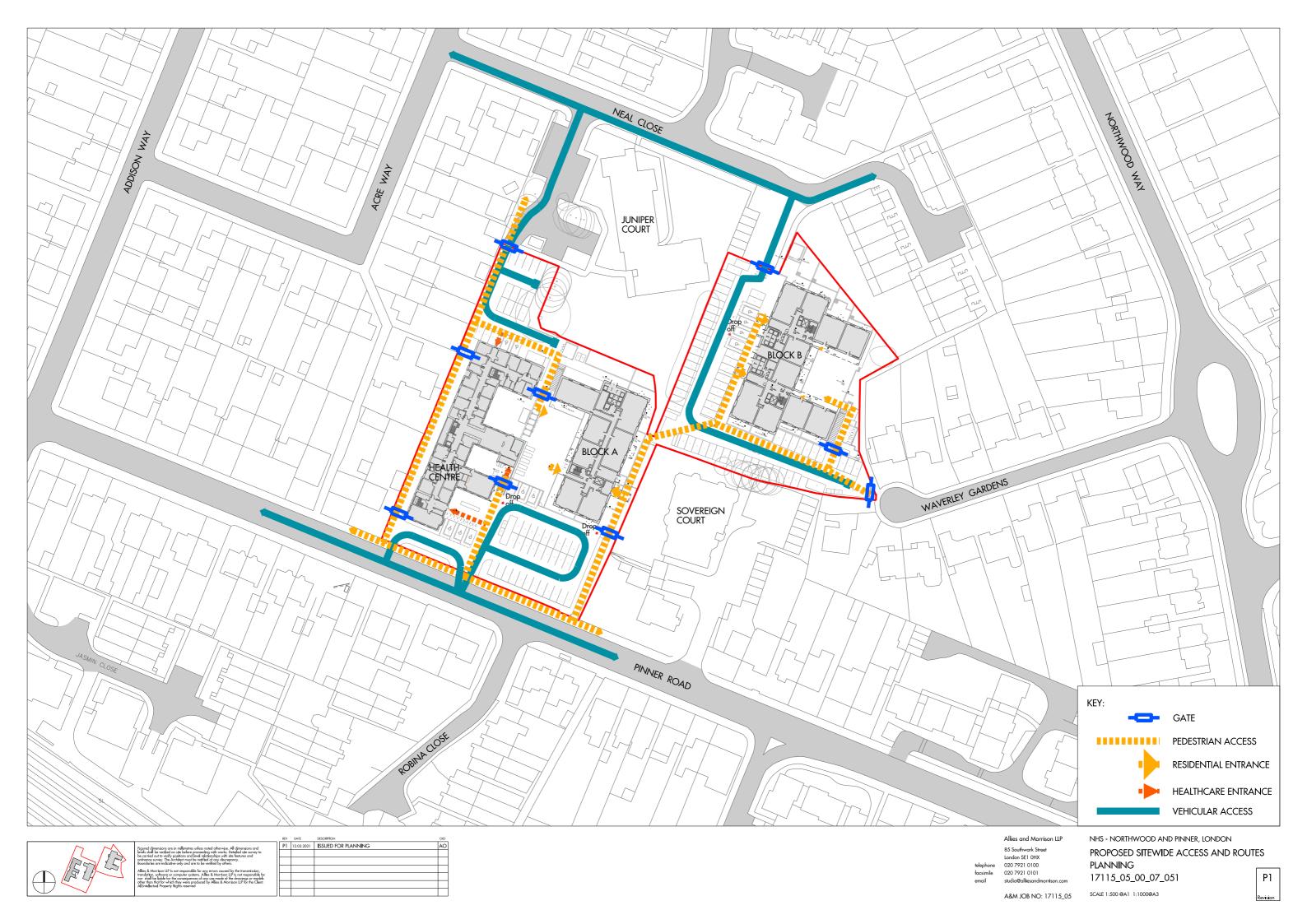
EXISTING COTTAGE HOSPITAL: ELEVATIONS SHEET 1

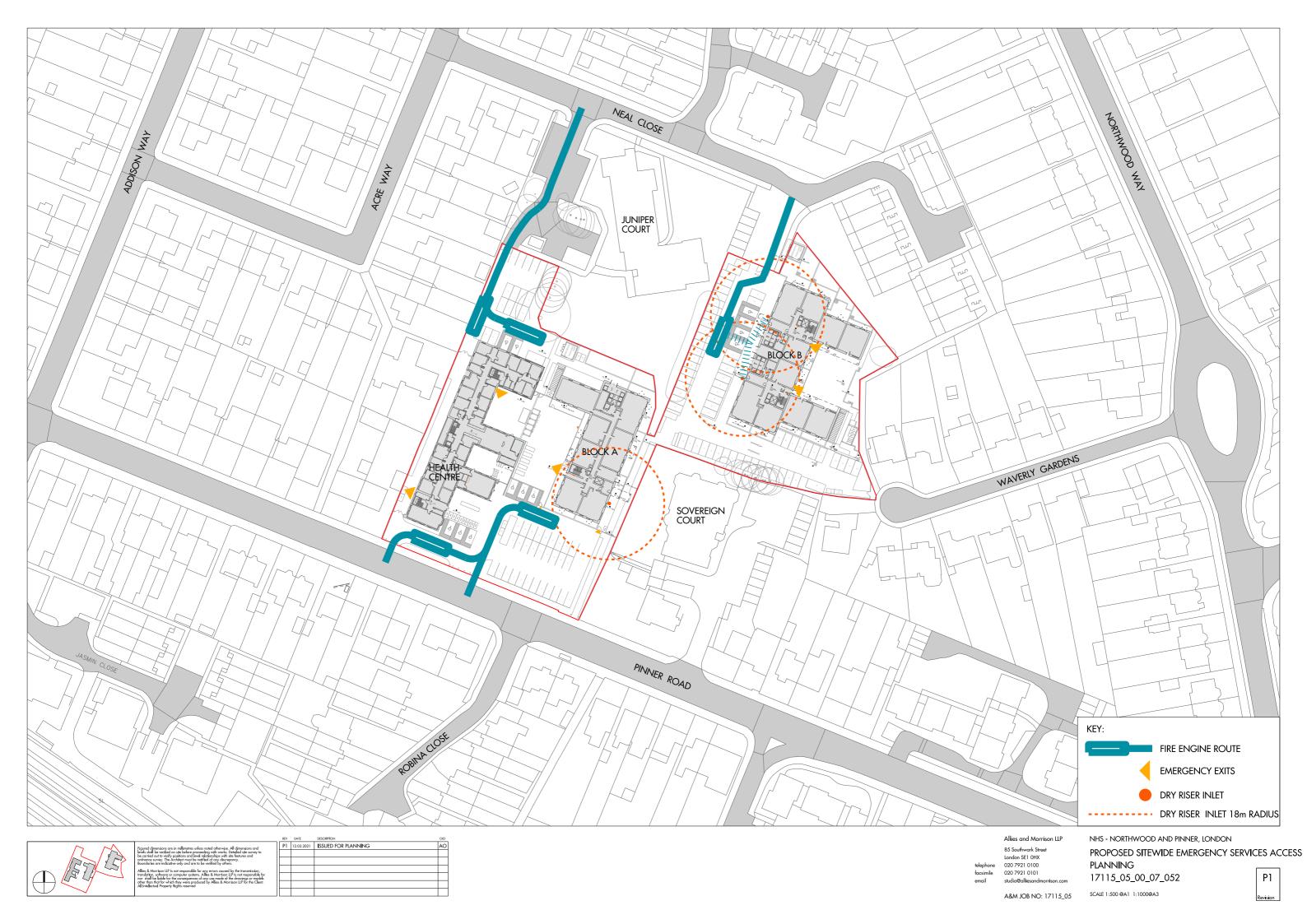
SCALE 1:100 @A1 1:200@A3

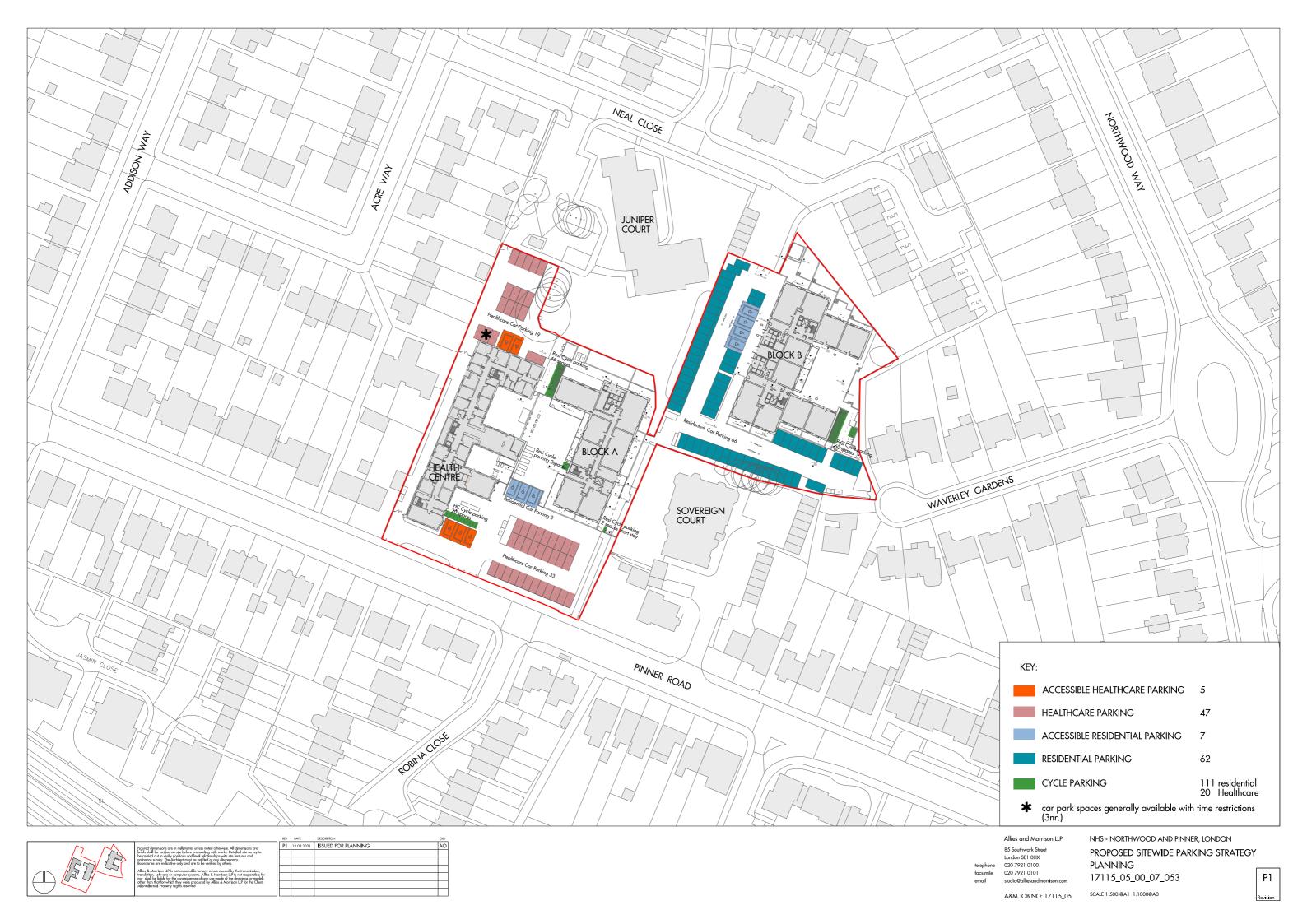
PLANNING 17115\_05\_00\_07\_021

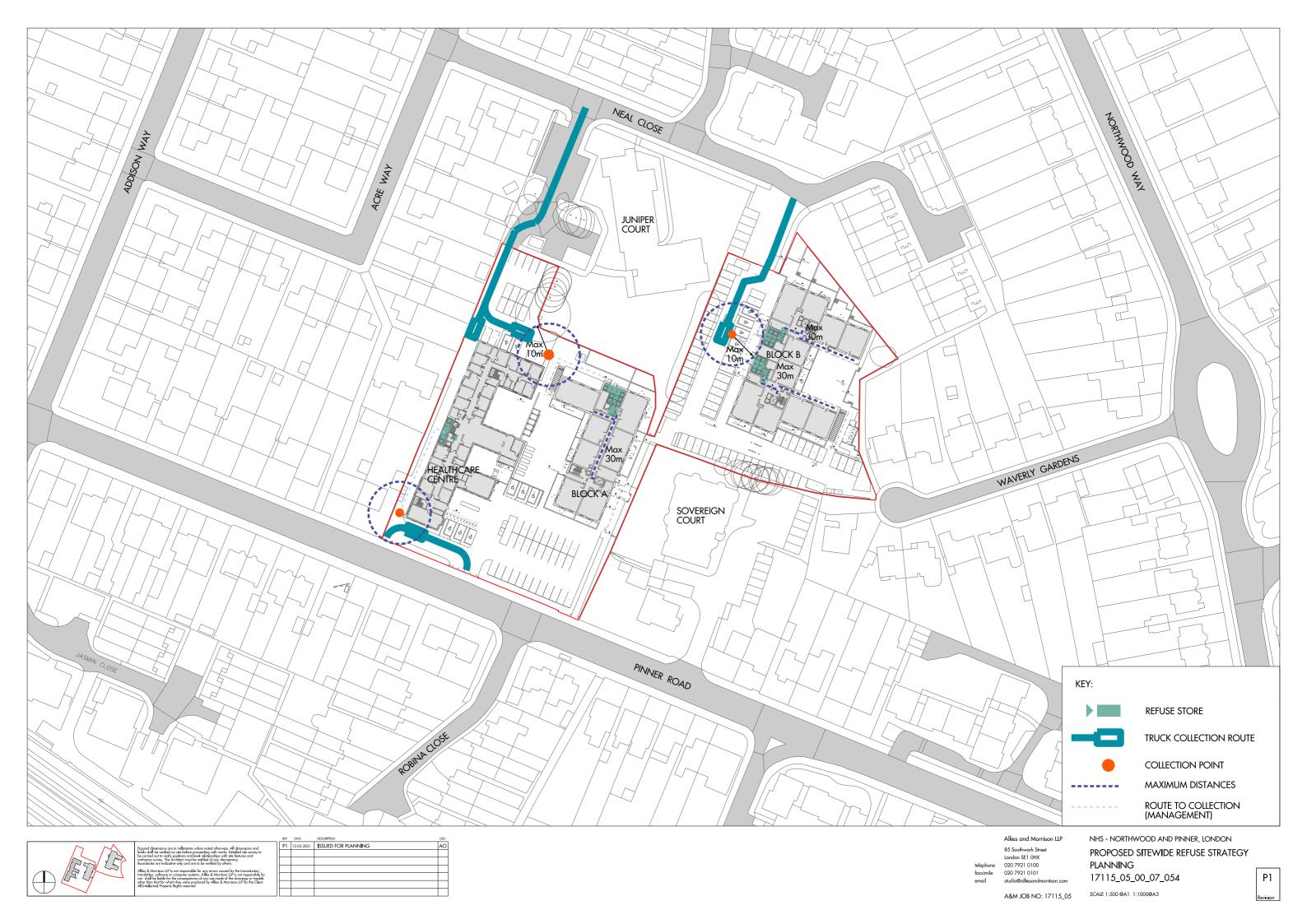


### 3 PROPOSED













85 Southwark Street London SE1 0HX 020 7921 0100 020 7921 0101

PROPOSED LEVEL 00 SITEWIDE PLAN PLANNING 17115\_05\_00\_07\_100

A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05 SCALE 1:250 @A1 1:500@A3







85 Southwark Street London SE1 0HX 020 7921 0100 020 7921 0101

PLANNING

SCALE 1:250 @A1 1:500@A3 A&M JOB NO: 17115\_05

17115\_05\_00\_07\_104

