

# Trevor Heaps

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### Tree Data Schedule

For

**4 Nicholas Way, Northwood  
HA6 2TS**

Prepared for Muki Sritharan

Prepared by **Trevor Heaps** BSc, MICFor, M. Arbor.A.

Date: 30<sup>th</sup> March 2022

Ref: TH 3334

## Tree data schedule

Ref	Name	Age	DBH (mm)	Hgt. (m)	Can. hgt. (m)	Can N (m)	Can E (m)	Can S (m)	Can W (m)	Physio cond.	Struct cond.	Life Exp.	Ret. Cat.	Comments	Rec's (Proposed works are highlighted)
T1	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	780	16	6	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	Fair	Normal	20+	B2	Crown reduced in past. Sparse.	N/A
T2	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)	SM	100	5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	C2		N/A
T3	Prunus cerasifera 'Pissardii' (Purple-leafed Plum)	EM	200	4	3	2	2	2	2	Fair	Fair	10+	C2	Suppressed due to growth from nearby trees.	N/A
G4	Cryptomeria japonica (Japanese Red Cedar)	EM	150	5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Poor	Fair	10+	U	Group of trees. Indicative plotting only. Sparse.	N/A
T5	Taxus baccata (Yew)	EM	150	3	0	2	2	2	2	Normal	Normal	40+	B2	Clipped tree.	N/A
T6	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)	EM	150	6	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	C2		N/A
G7	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)	EM	200	5	1	2	2	2	2	Fair	Fair	20+	C2	Situated on third-party land (dbh estimated). Boundary hedge. Managed by topping.	N/A
T8	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	700	16	6	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	Normal	Normal	40+	A2	Situated on third-party land (dbh estimated).	N/A
G9	X Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Castlewellan' (Leyland Cypress 'Castlewellan')	EM	250	3	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	B2	Line of clipped trees.	N/A
G10	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)	EM	200	5	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Fair	Fair	20+	C2	Situated on third-party land (dbh estimated). Boundary hedge.	N/A
T11	Fagus sylvatica (Beech)	EM	200	6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	Normal	Normal	40+	B2		N/A
G12	X Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Castlewellan' (Leyland Cypress 'Castlewellan')	EM	200	5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	B2	Finely clipped boundary hedge	N/A

Ref	Name	Age	DBH (mm)	Hgt. (m)	Can. hgt. (m)	Can N (m)	Can E (m)	Can S (m)	Can W (m)	Physio cond.	Struct cond.	Life Exp.	Ret. Cat.	Comments	Rec's (Proposed works are highlighted)
G13	X Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Castlewellan' (Leyland Cypress 'Castlewellan')	SM	100	2.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	C2	Situated on third-party land (dbh estimated). Finely clipped boundary hedge	N/A
G14	X Cupressocyparis leylandii 'Castlewellan' (Leyland Cypress 'Castlewellan')	SM	100	2.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	C2	Finely clipped boundary hedge	N/A
T15	Quercus robur (Common Oak)	M	700	18	3	10	10	10	10	Normal	Normal	40+	A2	Situated on third-party land (dbh estimated).	N/A
T16	Carpinus betulus (Hornbeam)	M	480	14	3	6.5	8.5	6.5	1.5	Normal	Fair	20+	B2	Suppressed due to growth from nearby trees.	N/A
G17	Prunus laurocerasus (Cherry Laurel)	SM	100	2.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	Normal	Normal	40+	C2	Clipped boundary hedge	N/A
T18	Malus x purpurea (Purple Crab Apple)	EM	100	3	1.5	2	2	2	2	Normal	Normal	20+	C2		N/A
T19	Malus (Apple)	EM	150	4	1.5	2	2	2	2	Normal	Normal	20+	C2	Crown reduced in past.	N/A
T20	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana 'Ellwoodii' (Lawson's cypress 'Ellwoodii')	SM	100	3	0.5	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	Normal	Normal	40+	C2		N/A
G21	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)	M	200	6	1.5	2	2	2	2	Fair	Fair	20+	C2	Suppressed. Sparse. Linear group of trees	N/A

## Tree data schedule explanatory notes

This section explains the terms used in the **Tree data schedule** (Appendix 2).

**Ref:** Each item of vegetation has its own unique number, prefixed by a letter such that:

**T**<sub>1</sub>=Tree                **S**<sub>2</sub>=Shrub or stump                **G**<sub>3</sub>=Group                **H**<sub>4</sub>=Hedge                **W**<sub>5</sub>=Woodland

**Species:** Latin (and common names in brackets) are given.

### Age:

- **Y - Young** - Usually less than 10 years' old
- **SM - Semi-mature** - Significant future growth to be expected, both in height and crown spread (typically below 30% of life expectancy)
- **EM - Early-mature** - Full height almost attained. Significant growth may be expected in terms of crown spread (typically 30-60% of life expectancy)
- **M - Mature** - Full height attained. Crown spread will increase but growth increments will be slight (typically 60% or more of life expectancy)
- **V - Veteran** - A level of maturity whereby significant management may be required to keep the tree in a safe condition
- **OM - Over-mature** - As for veteran except management is not considered worthwhile

**DBH (mm):** Stem diameter, measured in mm, taken at 1.5m above ground level where possible.

**Hgt. (m): Height:** Measured from ground level to the top of the crown in metres.

**Can Hgt. (m): Crown height:** Measured from ground level to the lowest tips of the main crown begins in metres. Where the crown is unbalanced it is measured on the side deemed to be most relevant. This is usually the side facing the area of anticipated development.

### Can N, S, E, W: - Canopy extents

Approximate radial crown spread measured to the four cardinal points (for individual trees only)

**Physio cond.:** Indicates the physiological condition of the tree as one of the following categories:

- **Normal** - Healthy tree with no symptoms of significant disease
- **Fair** - Tree with early signs of disease, small defects, decreased life expectancy, or evidence of less-than-average vigour for the species
- **Poor** - Significant disease present, limited life expectancy, or with very low vigour for the species and evidence of physiological stress
- **Very poor** - Tree is in advanced stages of physiological failure and is dying
- **Dead** - No leaves or signs of life

**Struct cond.:** Indicates the structural condition of the tree as one of the following categories:

- **Normal** - No significant structural defects noted
- **Fair** - Some structural defects noted but remedial action not required at present
- **Poor** - Significant defects noted resulting in a tree that requires regular monitoring or remedial action
- **Very poor** - Major defects noted that compromise the safety of the tree. Remedial works or tree removal is likely to be required.
- **Dead** - No leaves or signs of life

**Life Exp.:** The estimated number of years before the tree may require removal (<10), (10 – 20), (20 – 40), or (40+).

**Ret. Cat.:** - **Retention category:** BS5837:2012 Category where:

- **U = Trees unsuitable for retention.** Trees in such a condition that cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years. These trees are shown on the tree plans with red centres.
- **A = Trees of high quality.** Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years. These trees are shown on the tree plans with green centres.
- **B = Trees of moderate quality.** Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years. These trees are shown on the tree plans with blue centres.
- **C = Trees of low quality.** Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm. These trees are shown on the tree plans with grey centres.

Trees of notable quality are graded as Category A or Category B. These trees are sometimes divided further into sub-categories:

- Sub-category 1 is allocated where it has been assessed that the tree has mainly arboricultural qualities.
- Sub-category 2 is allocated where it is assessed that the tree has mainly landscape qualities.
- Subcategory 3 is allocated where it is assessed that the tree has mainly cultural qualities, including conservation.

Trees may be allocated more than one sub-category. All sub-categories carry equal weight, with for example an A<sub>3</sub> tree being of the same importance and priority as an A<sub>1</sub> tree.

**Comments:** Tree form and pruning history are also recorded along with an account of any significant defects.

**Rec's - Recommendations:** Usually based on any defects observed and intended to ensure that the tree is in an acceptable condition.