

and the surrounding area during the construction period.

B) Shop signage will generally be limited to the strip above the shop window and below the upper floor, plus where appropriate one projecting sign. Proposals for further advertising additional to the shop name will be resisted.

C) Illumination to shopfronts must be sited and designed to avoid any visual intrusion from light pollution to adjoining or nearby residents. Flashing internal or external lighting and/or internally illuminated box lights will not be permitted.

Trees and Landscaping

5.54 Trees and landscaping are a vital feature of the built environment, adding to a sense of place and bringing many benefits such as: providing visual and other amenity for residents, increasing biodiversity, helping to reduce pollution and flooding and adding to the character of the Borough. Landscaping and tree planting should be considered as an integral part of the overall design of any development, especially in areas where these are lacking, such as high rise buildings.

5.55 It is important to ensure that natural features are retained and additional landscaping and tree planting provided where possible. The Council recognises the importance of Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs) in protecting trees and woodlands in the landscape and will make orders where the possible loss of trees or woodlands would have a significant impact on their surroundings.

5.56 There are a number of ways in which the retention of existing trees or provision of new trees can be secured. TPOs can be made on an individual tree, or on groups or areas of trees. Conditions can be attached to planning permissions to protect trees during building and ensure that tree planting and landscaping will form an integral part of new development. In some instances it may be more appropriate to include replacement trees as part of a development's landscaping scheme. The Council will only permit works to trees in Conservation Areas and those subject to TPOs where the works do not risk compromising the amenity value or survival of the tree.

Policy DMHB 14: Trees and Landscaping

A) All developments will be expected to retain or enhance existing landscaping, trees, biodiversity or other natural features of merit.

B) Development proposals will be required to provide a landscape scheme that includes hard and soft landscaping appropriate to the character of the area, which supports and enhances biodiversity and

amenity particularly in areas deficient in green infrastructure.

C) Where space for ground level planting is limited, such as high rise buildings, the inclusion of living walls and roofs will be expected where feasible.

D) Planning applications for proposals that would affect existing trees will be required to provide an accurate tree survey showing the location, height, spread and species of trees. Where the tree survey identifies trees of merit, tree root protection areas and an arboricultural method statement will be required to show how the trees will be protected. Where trees are to be removed, proposals for replanting of new trees on-site must be provided or include contributions to offsite provision.

Safety and Security

5.57 The Council aims to maintain and enhance the amenity of its town centres to ensure that they continue to attract investment and footfall and are attractive places to meet, shop and work. As part of development proposals in the town centres Council will encourage enhancements to the public realm that encourage regular pedestrian activity and passive surveillance.

Policy DMHB 15: Planning for Safer Places

The Council will require all new development to ensure safe and attractive public and private spaces by referring to the Council's latest guidance on Secured by Design principles. Where relevant, these should be included in the Design and Access Statement.

Development will be required to comprise good design and create inclusive environments whilst improving safety and security by incorporating the following specific measures:

- i) providing entrances in visible, safe and accessible locations;
- ii) maximising natural surveillance;
- iii) ensuring adequate defensible space is provided;
- iv) providing clear delineations between public and private spaces; and
- v) providing appropriate lighting and CCTV.

Housing Standards

5.58 Overcrowding in residential properties can have adverse impacts on the health and well being of occupants. In order to ensure that all new